



Established in 1869.

"Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN.

(Terms: \$2.00 per annum)

VOL. XII.

BELLEFONTE, PA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, DEC. 22, 1880.

NO. 50.

Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Editor.

Terms, \$2.00 per annum in Advance

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

GENERAL GARFIELD is happy. He is snowed-in on his farm, and the bores, beggars and gratuitous advisers are snowed-out.

HAMILTON WARD is said to be a dark horse candidate for the New York Senatorship. The race does not promise well for dark horses.

IF THE Democrats in Congress don't intend to practice some counting-out trick, what are they making all this fuss about? What is their little game, anyhow?

A WORD of advice to the Democratic party—pull down your Vest. It is rather late in the century to speak of John Brown as an "old scoundrel."

THE Democrats in the House still overlook the fact that there is a quiet old gentleman named Wheeler over in the Senate wing of the Capitol who will have something to do with the electoral count.

IF THE Western newspapers have any more candidates for Cabinet positions they had better bring them out at once. The procession is so long now that the far end can scarcely be seen from Mentor without the aid of a powerful telescope.

THE connection of the Democratic party with Civil Service Reform is like that of a certain ragged and besotted fellow with the temperance cause. He claimed to be a temperance agitator, and when asked what he did, replied that he acted as the Awful Example.

"THE South is willing to give General Garfield's administration a fair trial," says a chorus of Southern editors. Dear brethren, this is kind of you, but you have somehow got the thing turned around. General Garfield's administration will give the South a fair trial—that's the way the matter stands.

GAMBETTA is full of sanguine hopes for the future of the French Republic. He pronounces the reactionary party a failure, utterly incompetent to accomplish any of its proclaimed purposes, and now become so demoralized as more likely to begin a factional war on its own adherents than to assail the Republic.

IT LOOKS very much as though Senator Bayard, by his series of denials and assertions in regard to his Dover speech, reported by the Philadelphia Press, had succeeded in getting himself into a box, and has been nailed in by the Press. In other words he's "scopped" and will probably not invite further discussion.

WHEN two Senators are found supporting a bill to pay \$4,750 to the man who compiled the infamous slave code which the Missouri border ruffians tried to force upon the people of Kansas in 1855, is it not time for some Democratic or assistant Democratic paper to make another remark about the Southern claims bugaboo?

WHEN General Garfield is inaugurated President, and the Republican party assumes the control of the popular branch of Congress, all we ask is that Republicans, and not rebel soldiers, be given the places at the disposal of each. If a party ever expected anything as the result of its victory, the Republican party looks for this result.

THE Southern papers are delighted at President Hayes's remarks in the Message about the improvement of the Mississippi River, but when General Garfield spoke, in his letter of acceptance, of the importance of the same great National work, they were all silent. Yet General Garfield's views on the subject are manifestly of more importance than those of the outgoing President.

The Mayoralty of Philadelphia.

All good citizens of the Commonwealth, no less than all Republicans, are deeply interested in good government for the first city of the State, the second in the country, the fourth largest in the civilized world, and we confess to more than ordinary interest in the proceedings of parties and citizens in relation to the next municipal election in Philadelphia.

We do not share in the indiscriminate cry against rings that is perpetually dinned into our ears, started usually by cunning designing men, led on by demagogues, caught up by goody-goody citizens, and in the end capturing the innocent and the juvenile in politics. We cannot disguise from our honest convictions that little that is great or beneficial can be accomplished in modern times without the formation of what is called "rings." The House of Bishops is a complete and perfect "ring" in the church; the syndicate to place government loans is simply "a ring" of money dealers; the Associated Press is "a ring" to obtain and cheapen the cost of news, and we might enumerate a hundred others and be left with the question, What more greatly needs the combination, which the mischievous attempt to make odious by the designation of a ring, than politics?

It is true that that which is powerful for good may be made to work great harm, but it is weak, cowardly, and vacillating, for the honest citizen to be beguiled from straightforward duty by the senseless cry of a cabal of disappointed partisans or the affected alarm of those who have proved themselves failures in party leadership, in rings, and in politics.

The ring of the city of Philadelphia has for some time past been held up to reproach, and the names of McManes, Quay, Leeds and others have been stigmatized as little less than criminals of the worst type. It is not difficult to attack private character, and it is quite easy for knaves to play upon the credulity of honest men, but recalling much of the good to party and to state these men have accomplished, we must crave leave to call for the proofs of misdemeanor, of malfeasance, and general corruption, ere we shall stand ready to enter upon unlimited condemnation.

Among the excellent men that the Republican party has selected for Mayors of the city of Philadelphia, no one stands more prominently out for good works, faithful performance of duty, for truthfulness and integrity than Mayor Stokely. And yet after a long term of duty, in times of great trial, his capabilities undimmed, his honesty unquestioned, a hue and cry is raised for a new man, because, as sometimes alleged, he was originally, and may be again, the "ring" candidate. If the citizens of Philadelphia are wholly indebted to the ring for Mayor Stokely they should in very gratitude rise up and exclaim "blessed be" the ring, for he has proved himself a true keeper of the city, a true born hero of men.

The citizens' committee, we observe, have advised the nomination of Mayor Stokely, and so far as that is of value they have acted in accord with public sentiment; but are they a sufficiently representative body to control votes for their nominee? Are they in all things wise beyond parties, or even virtuous beyond rings? It might not be unprofitable for the citizens at large to remember that citizens' committees are as capable of as great wrongs as rings of more recognized forms. It was a citizens' committee, pandering to the baser instincts, passions, and prejudices, of the mob that gave Kearney to California and that made Kallcock Mayor of San Francisco, and the moral of the lesson should not go unheeded in Philadelphia.

Mrs. Sutter, wife of the discoverer of gold in California, lives in La, and is in very feeble health.

Congressional Contests.

Among the contests sure to be made for seats in the next Congress are those of the first four districts of Alabama, the Second of South Carolina, the Third of North Carolina and the Sixth of Mississippi. To these will probably be added the Fifth district of South Carolina, where Mr. Robert Smalls has given notice of contest to his opponent, Mr. G. D. Tillman. Those who still adhere to the belief that the elections in the South are free and fair, will probably get their eyes open when the facts in these several cases are laid before Congress. Mr. Smalls sets forth the following as some of his grounds of contest:

"At four voting precincts in Barnwell county, six in Aiken, five in Colleton and six in Hampton the ballot-boxes were filled with illegal Democratic votes for the purpose of creating an excess of ballots over the number of voters on the poll-list, and then equalizing the same by casting out Republican ballots. At Edgefield Court House a riotous band, armed with pistols and guns, and dressed in red shirts, took and held possession of the polls on the night before and the day of the election, and intimidated Republican voters who would approach for the purpose of casting their ballots. Others, mounted on horses, rode through the town discharging guns and pistols. At Aiken Court House a loaded cannon was placed near to and covering the polls. At a precinct in Hampton county the Republican tickets were taken away from the holder thereof, so that Republican voters had no tickets wherewith to vote. At every precinct in Edgefield church and at numerous others throughout the Congressional district United States Supervisors of election were driven from the polls, prevented from keeping poll-lists, and denied admission to the polling-places to witness the count. In another instance a Republican Supervisor was ejected from the voting precinct and afterward compelled to sign as correct a return to the Chief Supervisor of which he had no knowledge."

President Hayes, in his message, suggests that no parties guilty of cheating and false counting at elections should be suffered to reap the fruits of their wrong-doing, and General Garfield will hardly be less outspoken in demand that those members who have been returned to Congress through fraud should be turned out in disgrace. There should also be an inquiry into the nature of the election laws now in force in several States in the South—laws which, if not purposely framed to defeat honest elections, are so administered as to disfranchise a large class of voters and nullify the will of the majority.

The Democratic journals which berated President Hayes for taking cognizance of the condition of the elective franchise in the South, says the N. Y. Tribune, would have had him ignore the results of the Congressional investigation and the frank admissions of politicians and newspapers all through that section. We commend to these critics the utterances of General Chalmers, of Mississippi, reported in our Washington dispatches. General Chalmers passes among his Democratic admirers for a man of "honor" and yet he openly commits himself not only to an approval of the shameful frauds to which he owes his so-called "election," and which aroused the indignant disgust of The Vicksburg Herald, but also to the general policy of suppressing the negro vote by any means short of public criminality. He says he is in favor of maintaining his party's control by "using every means short of violence." He enlarges upon this sentiment—"every means," he says, "that wit or non-wit of open bribery" can command. The reader should not overlook the candor of that adjective. General Chalmers is evidently in favor of the starvation policy of Alabama and South Carolina, in

favor of intimidation right up to the line of violence, in favor of working upon the fears of the negroes by any trickery that "wit" can devise or any influence that money may exert "short of open bribery." "If this is Chalmersism," he says, "I am rather proud of it." We leave the picture to the contemplation of honest Northern Democrats.

GENERAL GARFIELD is having a little peace and comfort for the first time since the Chicago Convention. His Mentor home is surrounded by deep snow-drifts, through which no politician, however daring, makes his way. "A pleasant smile," says a correspondent of the Cincinnati Gazette, "plays over the General's face as he looks out on the Arctic scene, and sometimes it explodes into a happy laugh, as he thinks of his fortunate escape from the throng who have so long besieged him. Friends in Washington advised him to stay in that city during the present winter. Its mild climate, they said would be better for him than the wintry winds of the lake shore. But the General knows as much about climatic advantages as any of his friends, and he wisely chose to remain in Mentor, praying earnestly, no doubt, for a winter of unnatural severity."

Senator Butler has been talking to a newspaper correspondent about affairs in South Carolina. "I tell you, sir," said he, "it is no longer a question of politics with us. We simply have one proposition staring us in the face, and it is well that the people of the North should understand it. We are resolved that the illiterate lower classes of our State shall not rule. We have had all the experiments in that direction that we propose to have, and we intend to use every means, fair or otherwise, to prevent such rule." By the illiterate lower classes he means the colored people. The ignorant, clay-eating poor whites are a good enough ruling class; but when an intelligent colored man runs for office, Senator Butler and the rest of the chivalry think they are justified in counting him out or killing him.

JUDGE LOCHMAN, of Georgia, who was formerly Chief Justice of that State, fails to find any wisdom in Ben Hill's idea of a new National Union party. In an interview recently published in the Winston (S. C.) Republican he says: "I see no reason why a man cannot come out openly and squarely into the Republican party, and get there all the nationality and union he could get in a new party, besides having the identity with a great victorious army, instead of losing his ammunition and time among guerrillas, who at least amount to nothing as a National organization. For myself, I propose to make no halt on the wayside, but march right up and take my chances with the Republican party of the country."

HOWEVER much chagrined Americans may feel over Count de Lesseps being the first to give practical shape to the project of a Panama canal, it should be furthered by every American interest, as after its construction our commerce, if properly handled, will be greatly benefited. The offer and acceptance of the chairmanship of American direction of the canal by Secretary Thompson assures a protection to the American interests involved. Now that the scheme is started and the money has been pledged to complete it, Americans should pocket their disappointment at a foreigner getting the upper hand, and by a liberal acquiescence in the work make themselves indispensable to the management of the corporation.

COLONEL INGERSOLL is reported to have said that Garfield was elected by the 30,000 colored votes cast in New York, and that consequently the negro holds the balance of power. There are more than 30,000 "Independent Republican" voters in New York, and these also claim to

hold "the balance of power." The German Republicans may also lay claim to this balance, and so may the Welsh, and thus the claim of one class may be neutralized by that of another. These "balances" are all right in making up the aggregate weight, but separately from the mass they do not count for much. The colored voters of New York did a grand thing for their race if they turned the election in favor of Garfield, and in this they will find their reward.

WASHINGTON.

Special Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 16, '80.

The President yesterday signed the first bill passed at the present session of Congress that has reached the White House. It was to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to dispose of a part of the Fort Dodge military reservation to actual settlers under the provisions of the homestead laws.

There were only ten Senators in their seats when prayer was offered at the opening yesterday. In fact, the Vice President caused the reading of the journal to be delayed until a quorum arrived.

The educational bill is up for consideration in the Senate. It provides for the application of a portion of the proceeds of public lands to public education, and provides for the more complete endorsement and support of National Colleges, for the advancement of scientific and industrial education. Mr. Brown, the new Senator from Georgia, delivered a splendid address before the Senate yesterday in support of the bill. It was the best exhibition of oratory heard in this session, and with great orator Brown placed among the ablest speakers of the Senate.

The sudden and quiet passage of the Fitz John Porter bill by the Senate, on Tuesday, will doubtless be a surprise to those who remember the heated debate upon this matter at the last session. Then the Democrats were afraid to pass it, because of the influence it might have upon the approaching election. But now they are defeated, but have the power to enact questionable measures, they do not hesitate to use it. The bill, however, is not as objectionable as the one previously urged. It provides that, with the advice and consent of the Senate, the President can, at his discretion, and within eighteen months after the passage of the act, and not afterward, appoint Porter to the rank of Colonel in the army, but he is not to receive pay for any of the time he was out of the service. The bill has yet to pass the House, where the opposition will probably be strong enough to prevent its passage.

A very significant bill was introduced in the Senate and House yesterday, by a Senator and Member from Colorado. It looks to the retirement of the one and two-dollar greenbacks, with a view to force silver coin into circulation. It provides that as rapidly as these small notes shall come into the treasury, the Secretary shall issue in lieu thereof notes of the same character, but not less in amount than \$5 each. A restrictive clause provides that he shall not retire the notes any faster than he coins silver dollars. The Colorado gentlemen, Senator Hill and Representative Belford, say that their utter amazement the Secretary of the Treasury is in sympathy with them, because he wishes to get rid of as much of the silver as possible.

I don't believe, however, that any measure having for its object to force an unwelcome currency upon the people, can be passed at this or any other session without calling down such wrath upon Congress as would immediate repeal.

The President has nominated William R. Woods Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, vice Strogg, resigned. Other vacancies will occur shortly.

An old lady named Hall was burned to death at Nazareth, Northampton county, on Saturday by her clothing accidentally taking fire.

THE Democratic members of the House who voted against an adjournment, one day last week, in honor of General Grant, and who pointedly refrained afterward from paying him any attention, were for the most part of the old Northern Copperhead school. The Southern Democrats greeted him in a many and cordial manner. In a small way, it's the same old difference between the Northern and the Southern Democrat, that used to be as marked in the slave-driving as in the votes in Congress.

PRESIDENT HAYES' wish that his Cabinet should remain intact until the close of his administration is being rudely disregarded in these later days. Already there have been three changes, the latest being Mr. Thompson, Secretary of the Navy, whose resignation has been accepted to take effect on the 20th inst. Mr. Thompson resigns to become chairman of the American Committee of the Panama canal. Secretary of War Ramsey has been designated to be Secretary of the Navy pro tem.

JUDGE KELLEY announces that he is a candidate for Speaker. He doesn't want the Greenback nomination, but would like to be the regular Republican candidate. This is unkind to the Greenbackers, but the Judge cannot be blamed for wishing to make the race on the stout Republican horse instead of straddling their spavined and wind-blown donkey.

Farming in France.

The typical Frenchman can hardly be said to be domesticated in his instincts. As he has been represented to us in literature and by the drama he does not find his supreme happiness in the home circle. But when we look farther into the substance of French society and investigate the causes of French vitality and stability, the conclusion is forced upon us that, after all, France is a nation of homes. The rural life and the city life of that interesting country present a strong contrast. They may be alike in thinking that there is no place like France, but totally unlike in methods employed by society for making the most of its opportunities. And it will probably surprise the casual reader to learn how much of that country is comprehended by rural France. The total population of the rural portion is estimated by a correspondent to be not less than 25,000,000 and as many as 28,000,000 are directly engaged in agriculture. The number and importance of the French middle class have been demonstrated to the credit of the Nation, not once but many times. There are now 5,800,000 distinct estates or properties in France. Of these it is calculated that 50,000 average an acreage of 600, while there are 500,000 averaging sixty acres and the remainder, of over 5,000,000, represent properties under six acres. Compare this with the divisions and the regulation of landed property in Great Britain, where a comparatively few hereditary proprietors own more than half the land of the whole realm and it is easy to see the weakness in England's armor and why France when seemingly crushed has within herself the recuperative power to lift her from almost any disaster upon the solid ground of prosperity. There are 8,000,000 inhabited dwellings in France, 300,000 uninhabited and 57,000 in course of construction. As the entire population is about 37,000,000 the average of only a little over four to a dwelling is not unreasonable and would fill with contentment and a horror of such wastefulness of space the soul of a New York tenement house proprietor. We are told that "next to the educated English, the uneducated French love their country more than any other people in Europe," and it is certainly more than a blind affection which they feel for it. The statistics that we have given show that they are a class beyond any other people of their class in Europe and they instinctively believe this even though they may not have education enough to prove it to themselves by comparison.

A heater attached to the boilers in Randolph & Jenks' mill, at Clifton, Delaware county, blew up, killing Frank Lee, aged 30 years, and seriously injuring Mark Cloud. Both were operatives.

Martin Alsop, of Richmond, Pa., a carpenter, was found near Rightsville on Sunday nearly frozen to death, and was sent to his home. It is thought his hands and feet will have to be amputated.

Poetry.

A Hundred Years from Now.

The surging sea of human life forever onward rolls,
And bears to the eternal shore its daily freight of souls.
Though bravely sails our barque to-day, pale death sits in the prow,
And few shall know we ever lived, a hundred years from now.

O, mighty human brotherhood! why fiercely war and strive,
While God's great world has ample space for everything alive?
Broad fields, uncultured and unclaimed, are waiting for the plow
Of progress, that shall make them bloom, a hundred years from now.

Why should we try so earnestly, in life's short, narrow span,
On golden stairs to climb so high above our brother man?
Why blindly at an earthly shrine in slavish homage bow?
Our gold will rust, ourselves be dust, a hundred years from now.

Why prize so much the world's applause? Why dread so much its blame?
The fleeting echo of its voice of censure or of fame?
The praise that thrills the heart, the scorn that dyes with shame the brow
Will be as long-forgotten dreams, a hundred years from now.

O, patient hearts, that meekly bear your weary load of wrongs!
O, earnest hearts, that bravely dare, and striving grow more strong!
Press on till perfect peace is won; you'll never dream of law
You struggled over life's thorny road, a hundred years from now.

Grand, lofty souls, who live and toil that freedom, right and truth
Alone may rule the universe; for you are end-
less youth!
When mild the blessed with God you rest, the grateful land shall bow
Above your clay in reverent love, a hundred years from now.

Earth's empires rise, roll on and fall, like breakers on the shore,
They rush upon the rocks of doom, go down, and are no more.
The starry widows of worlds that gem night's radiant brow
Will light the skies for other eyes, a hundred years from now.

Our Father, to whose sleepless eyes the past and future stand
An open page, like babes we cling to thy protecting hand,
Change, sorrow, death, are naught to us, if we may safely bow
Beneath the shadow of thy throne, a hundred years from now.

Our Story Teller.

Fortune Telling.

One day Mrs. Lorrimer's only daughter, Violette, was nowhere to be found; neither was the gentleman, Senor Espanol, who taught the guitar. The whole city was alarmed by an account of the mysterious disappearance of a beautiful belle and a hardworking, gentlemanly young foreigner. However, when some one had discovered that the last gave lessons to the girl, an inference was drawn by some cool looker-on, 'May they not have gone together?'

The mother at once drove the slanderer from her presence, preferring the idea that her Violette was murdered. However, before long a penitent letter, all blotted with tears reached the poor old lady, all alone in her great Fifth avenue mansion. Violette was married to Senor Espanol. The more one loves a person the more furious does any deception on her part make one. A less loving mother might have forgiven. Stung to madness, this one wrote a terrible letter to the foolish girl who had so hurt her.

The husband, a hot Spaniard, read it. It insulted him, and he forbade his wife ever to see her parent again. To do him justice, love, and no mercenary motive, had led him on to elope with his pretty heiress.

So the girl was fixed between the only two of the same blood who lived on earth and Senor Espanol began to give lessons on the guitar for two instead of one. Then for three, then for four, then for five. If he had lived a little longer it would have been for six. But the day the fourth child was born, a countryman, who mistook him for a rival, stabbed him in the back. He apologized at length the next minute, but the poor victim did not live to hear him through, but died trying to express the fact that the gentleman was perfectly excusable.

And so Violette, who would have been very happy with her music master had he been jealous, was left a widow with four babies, no money, and no accomplishment that had been sufficiently cultivated to earn a living by. Of course she took in sewing, and of course a day came when there was a very small prospect of supper, and not even a dream of breakfast.

Not a penny in the house, not a loaf of bread in the closet, not a dollar's worth of work to be got anywhere, what was she to do? The poor little woman walked up and down and cried. That did not help her. She looked over the relics of the past. They were pretty pieces of jewelry, worth nothing. Valuable things had all been sold long ago. She glanced out of the window. A woman, with a very large bran new basket and no shoes, went begging from door to door.

The basket was worth two dollars and a half, the shoes could have

been bought for two. This singular circumstance preyed upon her mind. She began to take an interest in the ways and manners of beggars, as the awful expectation of becoming one began to haunt her.

'I could drown myself,' she said, 'but I could not very well drown four children, like a litter of puppies.'

Then, leaning her chin on her hands, she watched from her lofty window another woman, with a handkerchief over her head, going from door to door.

Was she begging? It seemed not. Once or twice she entered and stayed some time. At last she saw her at her own door. She opened it, and the dark hair under the yellow silk handkerchief, the big black eyes and the rich complexion were there.

'Well!' she asked, inquiringly. 'Let me tell you your fortune, lady. I only charge twenty-five cents,' said the woman.

'My fortune is told, since I have not twenty-five cents in the world,' said Violette.

The woman turned away. 'Stop a moment,' said Violette. 'Tell me one thing. In this age do people pay you to tell their fortunes?'

'No age is too old,' said the woman, to whom the world presented but one idea. 'I just told an old lady's fortune below. It was in the cards that she was to have a husband, too—her fourth. She gave me a dollar. Look!' She opened her palm.

'I make money, I do,' said she. 'I'm a gipsy. I'm a seventh child. I see the future. I'll take any little bit of jewelry if you haven't any money. Have your fortune told?' But Violette shook her head and closed the door.

'I cannot steal, and to beg I am ashamed,' said she to herself. 'After it is dark to-night I'll go out and tell fortunes.'

Then she took two flatirons to the junk shop, bought a loaf of bread and a pint of milk, and fed her four children—she for whom nothing had been dainty enough and had ridden in her own carriage.

She put the children to bed and left the key with a neighbor in case of fire, a dread that haunts these many storied houses like a ghost, and then, disguised in veil, hood and shawl, went forth on her errand. It was a crazy dream. She had not courage to attempt fortune telling. It was worse than begging. She wandered along the streets, leaving the ill smelling ones behind her, and coming at last to the pure, sweet homes of luxury. In the end she stood before her mother's windows. There was a light in the basement, and through the lace curtains she saw a table spread, and the shadow of a figure she knew to be her mother's on the curtain, and there, drawing down the shade, was Martha, who nursed her when a child.

Tears filled her eyes. It was a paradise which she never hoped to regain. Had not her mother written:

'A curse on you. Never darken my door more, unless you wish to hear me utter it.'

But here at least she had not the terror of strangers upon; she could beg or tell fortunes. She would tell fortunes. Martha was superstitious, and always had dreams of matrimony, and of the coming back of a lover who had gone to sea when she was in her teens, and had never been heard of since.

She crept up to the window, and tapped on the panes. In a moment Martha opened the door.

The hooded figure drew near her. 'Let me tell your fortune?' she said.

'Bother,' said Martha. 'I'm past fortunes.'

'What?' said Violette. 'With a lover gone to sea?'

'Lord save us!' cried Martha. 'And in one place twenty years,' said Violette.

'You know more than is good,' said Martha. 'Stop a bit. Are you one of them clairvoyants?'

'Yes,' said Violette. 'Could you see where people are, what's come of them, and that?'

asked Martha. 'For instance, a gal that's been gone eight years, could you look for her in a dream like, as I've heard they can, and find her?'

'Yes, I think I could,' said Violette.

'Sit here, then,' Martha said, pointing to a chair in the hall, and hurried into the dining room.

She came back in a moment. 'Come and speak to missus,' she said.

And Violette, trembling so she could scarcely stand, entered her mother's presence.

No love is like a mother's. Violette had known that since she cast it off. She knew it now, looking on the pale face, where wrinkles

had come so thickly—on the hair, all turned gray now—on the sad eyes, that were so bright when she last saw them.

She longed to kneel at her mother's feet and beg forgiveness, but she dared not yet—had not she sinned too deeply to hope for pardon? She stood silent with her head bowed down.

'They tell me you are a clairvoyant,' said Mrs. Lorrimer. 'I have not much faith in such things, and if it prospers its possessor so little it cannot be worth much; but still I have something I should like to ask you. You search for persons who are far away, do you not—and for lost things?'

Violette bowed. 'If you can find something I have lost I will repay you well,' said Mrs. Lorrimer. 'Here, sit down. Perhaps, if you have this knowledge, you can tell me what I have lost.'

Violette sat down. 'It should be darker,' she said. 'Will you lower the lights?'

Martha turned the gas down and stood behind her lady's chair—and there was silence. Violette had cast her black veil, but the firelight was not bright enough to show her features.

'Lady,' she said in a low voice, 'it is not gold or silver that I see; it is nothing that can be bought for money. What I see is a girl.'

'Good heavens!' cried the old lady.

'A girl of 16, with fair hair and blue eyes,' said Violette. 'That was what she was when you saw her last. Am I right?'

'Yes,' said Mrs. Lorrimer. 'You loved her,' said Violette; 'she loved you, but she deceived you; she was wicked—wicked—wicked—wicked; but there was an excuse for her. She fell in love; she was mad for a while. You have cast her off. She is gone. You will never see her more.'

'Hush! hush!' cried Mrs. Lorrimer. 'She was not bad. I was wicked; I knew what it was to love, yet I forsok her because she knew it, too. Look again. How does life use her?'

'She is a widow, and very poor,' said Violette, 'so wretchedly poor that she does not know where to get bread; but she will not come to you. You would curse her. You could not forgive her. You will never see her again.'

The old lady started from her chair. 'What say you? How do you know the secrets of my life—the words I most regret uttering? Look again! Look! Tell me I shall see her once more! Tell me where to find the only babe I ever held against my breast! My little one—my Violette—where is she?'

And then the woman she addressed fell upon her knees and clasped her hands. 'She is here!' she cried. 'Mother, she is here!' And the two wept together in each other's arms, and all was forgiven.

And the good mansion is no longer desolate. There are little children's voices there, and mother and daughter are together once more. And in that other world, where we cannot believe that wrath endures, doubtless the lover of her youth rejoices that Violette's mother's fortune was told so well.

Miscellaneous.

It is a fortunate thing for Shakespeare that he established a solid reputation before the newspaper critics of America had a chance to cut him up.

The census shows something like twenty per centum more females than males in the country's population. Well, we can't have too much of a good thing.

That gigantic floating palace, the Livadia, made, in passing from Cork to Gibraltar, upward of seventeen miles an hour, while there was a total absence of any disagreeable motion, her 'pitch' being out one degree. This may lead to a great change in ship building.

The circus having failed to put in an appearance it is estimated that the male juvenile population of Norristown were left with the sum of \$100 on hand, the proceeds of the sale of old iron and brass preserving kettles. About half this sum was invested in taffy to drown their disappointment.

Mr. Riley Kittridge, of Belfast, Me., has a postal card upon one side of which he has written clearly 4,008 words, comprising the entire books of Jonah and Malachi and the fifth, sixth and a part of the seventh Psalm. Mr. Kittridge recently sent a postal card to each candidate for President and Vice President, the six cards containing almost 15,000 words.

'Wiener wurse,' is a common street cry in Cincinnati, being used by vendors of Vienna sausage. These men have little stands at the street corners, provided with a vessel for keeping the sausage hot by means of steam, a box for German rye bread and a jar for horseradish. For five cents they sell a steaming hunk of sausage, resting on a slice of bread, with horseradish sprinkled over it. The sausage is made of three parts of beef to one of pork.

Local Small Talk.

—Sleighs are trump.

—Butter is scarce.

—And eggs are scarcer.

—Usters are in demand.

—Surprise parties are ripe.

—Keep your eye out for a Christmas tree.

—Johnstown is to have a new \$12,000 school house.

—There will be some more cold weather before spring—*Venor.*

—A wild deer was shot in the streets of Edenburg the other day.

—There will be a partial eclipse of the sun on the morning of the 31st of this month. Prepare your smoked glass.

—All the mail routes in Pennsylvania are to be let this coming winter for four years from January 1 to June 30, 1885.

—The fancy and drygoods stores in town are thronged daily by shoppers in search of suitable articles for holiday gifts.

—The Methodist society will shortly give a festival for the younger Sunday-school scholars of that congregation.

—Our citizens generally are a little careless in regard to the matter of removing snow and ice from their sidewalks.

—A young woman named Gardner was arrested in Altoona on Tuesday on the charge of murdering her illegitimate child.

—The black bug which adorns ladies' bonnets this winter is not a cockroach, as we had supposed, but a cricket, and is worn for luck.

—If General Hazen, the new chief signal officer, can't furnish better weather than we've been having for the past few days, he should be invited to step down.

—It is probably not generally known, nevertheless it is a fact, that it is a criminal offense in this State to employ boys under ten years of age during school hours.

—The local of the *Democrat* is hinting about Christmas presents again. If his lady friends have any regard for his feelings they will see to it that he gets those "slippers" this year.

—Ex-Gov. Curtin will deliver his highly entertaining lecture on "Russia" before a Lewistown audience on Tuesday evening, the 28th inst. The Lewistowners have a treat before them.

—An exchange truthfully remarks: The smallest announcement in a news paper is seen by more people, and makes a more favorable impression than a whole cartload of fence rail and tree box placards.

—A contemplated and much needed improvement in Bellefonte is the construction of a new iron bridge over the creek at foot of Lamb street, to take the place of the old wooden structure that now spans the stream.

—According to the large number of stray notices now being published in the county papers a good many cattle owners must be under the impression that Centre county has been turned into a cow pasture on the prairie plan.

—The damages to the boiler of the Phoenix planing mill, caused by the bursting of the same a short time ago, have been thoroughly repaired, and the wall of the engine room rebuilt. Work was resumed at the mill on Wednesday.

—Mr. Al. Dale, of this place, while hunting on the mountains on Tuesday of last week had the misfortune to freeze one of his feet severely. The injured member is very painful and causes him not a little inconvenience in moving about.

—In China brass money is used in exchange for merchandise, which moves the editor of the *Hazleton Bulletin* to remark that if such were the case in this country he could easily sponge a living on his face. His phiz must have a hard look.

—Wednesday was examination day at the Academy. The exercises were witnessed by many of the parents of those attending the schools and a few outside friends. In some branches the pupils show considerable advancement for the present term.

—Dr. E. A. Kirk, formerly of this place but now of Philadelphia, is announced to lecture before the Teachers' Institute in this place on Tuesday night, Dec. 28th, on the subject, "Who are we?" That's a hard conundrum to answer, but no doubt the doctor is equal to the task.

—Mr. Daniel Kain, of Coleville, has been engaged by Gordon & Landis to take charge of the blacksmith shop connected with their establishment. Mr. Kain has the reputation of doing first-class work, particularly in horse-shoeing, and will no doubt give good satisfaction in his new position.

—Andy Yingling, a young man in the employ of the Moshannon coal company, at Moshannon, Clearfield county, was severely burned about the face and right hand on Saturday last by the premature discharge of a quantity of powder of which he was making a cartridge for blasting purposes in the mines.

—Mr. C. D. Frain, of Salina, Kansas, formerly of this county, informs us by letter that the new crops in his vicinity are looking better and more promising than for many years past at this season of the year. He says they have been experiencing some pretty cold weather, but thinks the crops will not suffer any injury from it.

—Posters are out announcing a grand shooting match to take place near the glass works on Christmas, Dec. 25th. A five hundred pound hog, a target rifle and a double-barrelled shotgun are among the prizes offered. A number of turkeys will also be contested for. The distance will be arranged on the day of match by the parties on the ground.

—A young law student in this place, who is evidently not well versed in the ways of the wicked, came very near having his teeth blown down his throat Tuesday while puffing away at a cigarette. He didn't know the plaguey thing was loaded, and when he went off he went, too, as there was no sign of his presence about the premises when the smoke cleared. At least that's what they say; we weren't there.

—It is said that a young man tried the dangerous experiment Wednesday of covering the distance between the top of the depot steps and the platform below at one step, but made a slight miscalculation and came down all in a heap with his left leg tied in a triangular knot around his neck. He was about the size of the fellow who manipulates the type-writer in Blanchard's law office. Ha, ha! Thought we weren't looking, didn't you?

—A farmer named Wagner in Schuylkill county froze to death in his wagon on Saturday last, in sight of his home, and fell dead from his vehicle. Death from freezing, we are informed, (not by one who has tried it though), is painless and very easy, the victim passing away without realizing the condition he is in. First the feet and lower limbs become numb, the frost creeping upward to the body and freezing the blood in the veins, which stops the circulation. Then the heart ceases to palpitate, and before you are aware of it you are a frozen corpse.

Wanted in Meadville.

Shortly after six o'clock Wednesday morning a shrewd-looking individual, a stranger in these parts, entered the Bush House and approaching the proprietor, Mr. D. P. Peters, informed him that he was wanted immediately in Meadville to answer certain charges, at the same time producing a warrant for his arrest.

Mr. Peters soon recognized in his captor Sheriff Apple, of Crawford county, and as he had nothing to do but obey the summons he packed up his valise and departed with him on the early morning train.

We were unable to obtain the facts which led to the arrest, but are informed that the charge which he has been called to answer is that of grand larceny preferred against him by the owner of a Meadville hotel, with which Mr. Peters was formerly connected.

Curious Superstition.

That the old superstition that Friday is an unlucky day for traveling still keeps people at home on that day is proved by the experience of nearly every railway conductor. Of the passengers on the New York Division of the Pennsylvania Railroad, 15 per cent are carried on Friday, while there is an average of 17 per cent carried on each of the other five week days. In other words, there is a falling off on Fridays of nearly one-eighth as compared with the average of other week days. The days of the heaviest travel are approximately Monday with 19 per cent, and Saturday with 18 per cent., there being many persons going to and returning from business on those days. The percentage shown on other week days are: Tuesday, 16.25; Wednesday, 15.75; Thursday 16; and Friday, 15.

Serious Accident.

A little daughter of Mr. Edwin Tyson, Katie by name, met with a serious and painful accident Tuesday. While at play in the sitting-room she in some manner overturned the centre-table, falling prostrate beneath it. The sharp edge of the heavy marble covering came down upon her left hand, cutting a deep gash across the palm and almost severing the little finger. The attending physician thinks she may possibly lose the use of the two last fingers of the injured member. It is to be hoped that medical skill will prevent such an unfortunate result.

Feminine Fancies.

The following batch of fashion items, gathered from various sources and revised, may be of interest to our lady readers. Our "fashion editor," who knows about as much in regard to the wants of the fashionable world as he does of running a limekiln, contributes a few, which no doubt will be found very impracticable:

Clocked hose should never be bought on tick.

That's a tick-ens of a note.

A woman wears her watch at her girdle because she is used to waste time, and likes to show it.

Amber cockroaches and grasshoppers, with emerald eyes and green goggles, have made their appearance. The new polonaise is now called the Polish dress. We don't know whether stove polish or the other kind is used.

Remove the trimming from some of the costumes now made and there wouldn't be enough stuff left to build a pen-wiper.

The Jersey waist for evening wear is made with round neck, and narrow straps take the place of sleeves. If you don't live convenient to a saddler's shop use skate straps.

Large gilded hooks and eyes fasten bonnet strings under the chin, and in case of necessity can also be used to hang up sausages.

The latest thing in after dinner coffee cups are in square shape, with square saucers, exquisitely hand painted on dainty French porcelain. Unfortunately those without a square mouth will find them very awkward, but they are nevertheless a great help to any one desiring to obtain a square meal.

A fashionable shoe for street wear is made with tops that roll over the heel embroidered with red tape. They have a slouchy appearance, but it's "style," and of course are lovely.

Entire cloaks are seen in chenille, trimmed with flap-jacks and suspended from the back of the neck with horsehair.

It is easier for a camel to go through the eye of a needle than to convince a woman with very large feet that skating is a healthy and graceful exercise for the fair sex.

Vegetable bouquets are carried in the left hand at weddings and made into water-mange sauce for the reception.

An army overcoat, painted black and the sleeves and cape trimmed with window glass, makes a cheap and exceedingly distinguished looking walking cloak.

It is Said—

That ice cream will be dirt-cheap next summer in view of the abundant crop of ice now being harvested.

That the sale of sewing machines in Centre county, including all styles, averages forty per month.

That the New Year's ball to be given by the Logan house will be the "toniest" public hop of the season.

That if a certain Milesburger, who is in the habit of begging money in Bellefonte to "speer" on, doesn't conduct himself with more decency he'll find himself in the cooler some night.

That a greedy bovine which prowls about the depot from day to day swallowed the butt end of a teamster's whip yesterday, and came very near making a "die" of it. Possibly the farmers who are bothered to death by these four-footed vagabonds would have been glad had the whip stock done its work more effectually.

That Saturn will be stationary among the stars on Christmas eve. Some other planet must have Saturn it.

That eating between meals is not as unhealthy as drinking between drinks. But that is no excuse for indulging in the latter.

That the spring election promises to be a lively one in this borough.

Cruelty to Animals.

We saw a poor old horse, lank and jaded, slowly toiling its way up High street a day or two since, attached to a heavy load or coal, yet with scarcely strength enough to haul the empty cart. The driver, a big, brawny individual, was comfortably seated on top of the load, apparently unmindful of the terrible strain his overburdened steed was laboring under, and seemingly not caring whether he ever reached the top of the hill or not. We couldn't help thinking, as we watched the struggling of the poor beast to keep on his feet, that the driver was better able, physically and every other way, to take his place in the shafts and haul the horse. It is such incidents as these that show the composition of a man's heart. A man who is unkind to his horse and seeks not to relieve its sufferings is unkind, to a more or less extent, to his family. Acts of kindness bestowed on dumb brutes are always repaid, in more ways than one.

—Those who neglect to clear the ice from their sidewalks before their residences are liable to a fine. Remember that.

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania, by

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance, \$2.00
If not paid for within 6 months, 2.50
If not paid for until expiration of year, 3.00

No paper will be discontinued until arrears are paid, except at the option of the publisher.
Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Ordinary notices, ten lines in length, free; exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, \$5.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
One inch (12 lines) this type	\$5.00	\$8.00	\$12.00
Two inches	10.00	15.00	20.00
Three inches	15.00	22.50	30.00
Four inches	20.00	30.00	40.00
Five inches	25.00	37.50	50.00
Half column	25.00	37.50	50.00
One column	50.00	75.00	100.00

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.
All advertisements due after the first insertion.

JOB DEPARTMENT.

We have now the very best facilities for doing first-class Job Work, and solicit the patronage of all friends of the paper, together with all others who desire to obtain good work at fair prices.

We have the best workmen, the best presses, and the best type to be found anywhere.

Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor, Bellefonte, Pa.

MULTUM IN PARVO.

"Homey Joseph" Peregrinating about Oak Hall, Pine Grove and in the Valley.

The cold December days have struck our vicinity with a vengeance. I tell you now it is cold and no mistake; the icy hand of winter has been laid on the streams; they are frozen shut, and by reason of the frosts not getting started during the dry weather previous to the "cold spell" the probability is that the waters will remain low until spring comes around with her balmy breezes and warm sun.

As a natural consequence of the low water the majority of mills are unable to run full time, and at Oak Hall, where the water never fails, they are running the mill day and night. Even then it is a difficult matter to keep up with the work.

The farmers are having a fine time of it lying by the stoves in their comfortable homes and entertaining their families; once in a while they come to Ugly Joe with news for your newspaper, and seem to take a great interest in always having this vicinity fully written up. This is right, and allow me through your columns to invite them to come around with the news.

Emanuel Peters informs me that the other day while a party of them were out hunting in "the meadows" they shot a very large bear through the intestines. Bruin struck out, and by reason of a heavy snow squall covering his tracks they were unable to get them; they are out after him now. Peters reports bear very plenty in that country known as the Bear Meadows.

There were several deer killed by our hunters this season; but as this is a Republican community, and law-abiding, you will hear of no more deer being killed by our hunters until next season.

There is now a protracted meeting in progress at Centre Furnace Methodist church. I have been unable to attend, but hear that the minister is meeting with considerable success in making converts.

Times are rather dull about the College, a great many of the students having gone home to spend the holidays; but Hoffer, the landlord, and Thompson and Stewart, the merchants, are nevertheless happy as usual. It would be well for you to ask Jimmy Williams, Thompson's general clerk, how he likes the knitting-needle recipe that he traded the sack of dairy salt on. Oh, Jim, Jim! Had boy!

William Goodhart, one of our enterprising neighbors, has returned from Greensburg, Pa., where he was attending the State Grange of the Patrons of Husbandry as representative of the Grange here at Oak Hall. He reports a good time.

James Gilliland has taken such an interest in the good times that Republican success has brought about that he has this week added twenty-eight sheep to his flock, making 140 head that he is now fattening.

J. S. Foster will please accept the thanks of Ugly Joe for two lots of the finest eating apples that it has ever been our lot to chew. I hope that the kind-hearted gentleman may live long enough to feed me on apples every winter until I attain the good old age of three-score and one hundred and ten. He is feeding some very fine cattle, one of which is very large

—a perfect giant, and very beautifully shaped.

We had a wedding here at Oak Hall on last Thursday night between Mr. Boln and Miss Kline. The way the young folks rattled the cow bells, blew the horns, played the horse-fiddle and raised Ned in general was a caution. A regular old-fashioned serenade, you know; but they failed to get them to show themselves.

News is rather scarce here at present, but listen until I tell you something about "some other place." Nestled at the foot of Tussey mountain lies a flourishing village the name of which I have never seen in your columns. I refer to Pine Grove Mills, and it is not flattery but simple truth to say that in and around this village live, move and have their being some of the best-hearted, liveliest men and women in Centre county; and I am certain that if my readers were to pass one hour in the stores of Snyder, Sample or Smith, who do business in this village, they would conclude that there were "Bee Hives" in Centre county outside of Bellefonte. No "city boot and shoe store" is to be found here, but the village shoemaker, J. C. Curvin, is a whole shoe store himself when he gets a headway on, and judging from the style in which he handles soles I would say that Crispin would never be ashamed to own him as one of his favorite sons. Vulcan, also, has relatives here and if the old god were to pay Pine Grove a visit I believe that he would blush for shame at his inability to wield the sledge or handle the tongs like Robert Crege or William Port, the blacksmiths at this place. May their anvils never cease to ring.

Then talk about your coachmakers. If you were to tell any one who had used the rigs turned out by John Hess that the Conklin wagon was the best, they would very soon inform you that you had never tried his work, or you would never say any such thing.

Steffy, the landlord, is always willing and ready to entertain travelers, and I tell you he does it right royally too.

Opposite the hotel stands the flour mill which adds greatly to the life, animation and business of the village. Samuel Weaver, a young man who learned his trade in the mill that your humble servant is now running, is the miller, and we are glad to state that he is doing a good business, considering the low water that is to be contended with every winter.

There is only one thing wrong about Pine Grove, and that is that it is so very strongly imbued in its tendencies. Talk about Democrats! Why Pine Grove is full of them, and it does seem so curious that where there are so many of the unfettered there should be so many churches. Now you may believe it or not as you see fit—I admit it is hard to believe—but Democratic and all as it is it boasts of three churches, Lutheran, Methodist and Presbyterian; and more curious than all is the fact that they are always well filled by attentive listeners when their eloquent ministers pour forth their words of cheer, exhortation, doctrine or advice. As long as this state of things continues the probabilities are that they will see the error of their ways and come over to the side of justice, propriety and right—the Republican side. Let us hope so at least.

I cannot leave Pine Grove, dear reader, without a word in regard to Mr. Joseph Ard, who is loved and respected by all who know him. Long life to Joe, as he is familiarly called. Many a poor man blesses him. From more than one heart goes up a prayer to Almighty God that he may always prosper. He is one of nature's noblemen; kind to the poor, helpful to the weak, loving to his friends, and generous to a fault. When Joseph Ard's mortal form crumbles to dust and his spirit wings its flight to the God who gave it, Pine Grove will lose its best and heaven will claim its own.

Now a word of advice. Christmas will soon be here, and you Democratic readers will from that time have one week to make up your minds to start in the new year on the right track. Make up your minds to leave the party that insulted you by giving you a mule drover for a leader and expected mule methods to prevail over you as intelligent men; for the sake of your children and your country leave the Democratic party with all its fraud, corruption, lying, perjury and slander behind you and join hands with the men composing the grandest party that ever existed on God's green earth.

Take this advice to heart, think over it and profit by it.

A merry Christmas to you all!

UGLY JOE.

—The boy who left the piece of ice in the sun to warm up was no more foolish than the man who opened his store and expected people to hunt him out and buy his goods without advertising.

THE LATEST NEWS.

Another Murderer Disposed of.
SHELBY, N. C., Dec. 18.—Daniel Keith was hanged in Rutherfordton for the murder of Alice Ellis, a colored girl of 13 years. Keith was a man of powerful physique, six feet in height, and weighing 200 pounds. On Dec. 28, 1879, Keith went to the house of one of his neighbors, who lived about a mile from his place, and said while in the woods he had been assaulted by a negro, who was an escaped convict and for whose apprehension a large reward had been offered, and had barely escaped with his life. He proposed that the two should arm themselves and go in search of the convict, the reward to be divided between them. His object was to make his neighbors believe that the convict, after assaulting him, had murdered the girl. This inference he expected to be drawn at once upon the discovery of the body. When they reached the thicket the body of the girl was found. She was unconscious, and died in a few hours. The physicians who made the post mortem discovered that another crime had been attempted but not accomplished. Keith was loudest in his denunciation of the villain who had done this horrible deed, and his loud talk and zeal in declaring what should be done with the murderer attracted attention, and the question began to be mooted, "What was Keith doing in that thicket when he met the alleged convict?" That question he could not answer, and when it was asked he seemed to be so much confused that he was at once fixed upon as the guilty man and arrested.

Although the hanging was private, at least 5,000 persons were gathered around the jail.

Caught on a Bridge.

PATERSON, N. J., Dec. 18.—On Thursday evening James Shugart of Mill street, Paterson, was returning home from a call upon some acquaintances up the Hackensack River, and, to make a short cut, he walked along the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad track. His wife and his daughter aged 6, was with him. A passenger train passed them, and then they took the track on which the train had passed supposing there would be no more trains on that track very soon; but immediately behind the passenger train was a gravel train running at a rapid rate, and before Mr. Shugart and his wife were aware of it this train was right upon them, just as they were making their way over the ties of a high canal bridge east of the high bridge over the Passaic River. Mr. Shugart was somewhat decrepit, and was unable to get out of the way. He was struck by the train and instantly killed. Mrs. Shugart managed to jump to one side, and escaped injury. The little daughter, in her fright, fell through the beams of the bridge upon the frozen surface of the canal, over twenty feet below. Her arm was broken, and she suffered other injuries that it is feared will prove fatal. Mr. Shugart was formerly in the employ of the railroad company, but of late he had not been able to work, and was in reduced circumstances.

Robbed in the Cars.

JERSEY CITY, Dec. 18.—When the morning express on the Pennsylvania Railroad reached Jersey City from Philadelphia at 6 o'clock A. M. yesterday, one of the passengers, Mr. L. M. Meyers, informed Policeman Van Buskirk at the depot that he had lost a package containing \$10,800 in bank notes while in the cars. He said that he started from Atlanta, Ga., about a week ago with \$11,000, which he intended to use in this city. He spent \$200 on the way. When he left Philadelphia, with the remainder of the money in his possession, he obtained a berth in a Pullman sleeping car and went to bed. He awoke at New Brunswick and found to his consternation that his money was gone. He made known his loss to the other passengers, and they assisted him in making a thorough search of the train, but without finding the money. At Jersey City the police and railroad officials examined the cars, but discovered no trace of the missing money.

Greece Preparing to Fight.

ATHENS, Dec. 18.—The Minister of War has invited tenders for supplies of provisions for 50,000 troops stationed on the Turco-Hellenic frontier.

VIENNA, Dec. 18.—The Political Correspondence says the powers are considering the idea of European arbitration of the Greek question. England has induced France to accept the idea, and has invited an in-

terchange of views among the powers on the subject.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—Some Continental correspondents, in their dispatches to the London journals, speak of a report that negotiations are proceeding between Turkey and Germany for the cession of Crete to Greece in lieu of other territory.

The Burning Coal Pit.

STELLARTON, N. S. Dec. 18.—It was expected that further explosions were likely to occur when the several openings into the cagepit here were closed by the clay and other debris thrown in, and such proved to be the case, as several small explosions occurred late yesterday afternoon and late last night. Notwithstanding the quantity of earth which had been filled in, the flames could be seen down the shaft, but they did not reach the surface for some time afterward. When they did, however no damage was done to the surface works. Men are engaged in filling in. Further explosions may take place before the fire is altogether quenched.

The Rebellious Wife.

NEW YORK, December 17.—The relatives of Mrs. Bergman, who refuses to return to her husband in Philadelphia, will make an effort, it is said, to have her committed to an insane asylum. The young woman declares if the attempt is made she will kill herself or somebody else. When informed she must return to Philadelphia she shouted, "You force me. I will kill myself," and ran out of the hotel. Half an hour later she arrived at the Central Police Office, flushed and with a torn and soiled dress hanging tattered about her.

A Suspicious Discovery.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 17.—The office safe of E. & A. Fiedman, tobacco dealers, who suspended a few days ago under attachments, has been broken open under orders of Sheriff Mason, and the books and papers of the firm for this and last year were found to be missing. The liabilities of the firm are said to be from \$50,000 to \$70,000 all in New York.

Sentenced to Death.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 17.—A motion for a new trial in the case of Dr. Albert G. F. Goersen, convicted of murder in the first degree, in having poisoned his wife, is overruled, and the doctor is sentenced to die.

A Mystery Explained.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 18.—The New castle trunk mystery, which created a great sensation this morning in eastern and western cities, has been solved. H. C. Chesney, a green country lad, of Rose Point, Lawrence county, Pa., is a student in the Columbus medical college. Dr. Balf, of Rose Point, with whom Chesney was a student of medicine, wrote to the latter to bring home with him on the holiday vacation a skeleton. Chesney purchased for \$5 a body which had been dissected by Professor Madberg at Columbus college. He packed it in his trunk, secured check No. 6,418 for it and sent it home. The trunk was re-shipped at the Union depot, in this city, and the Newcastle office made a mistake in the number of the check, which led the Pittsburg detectives and railroad men to believe that the trunk had come from Philadelphia. Chesney was arrested at Newcastle this forenoon, but made a clear and explicit statement, was discharged, and with his big country brother started home this evening with the body in a two-horse wagon. The body was purchased by the Columbus college from the insane department of that city.

Strangled Himself.

OTTAWA, Ont., Dec. 20.—Last evening J. Churchill Watson, private secretary to Colonel Williams, M. P., who is now attending Parliament, entered the Queen's Hotel, at Port Hope, and asked for a room. The proprietor conducted him to one, and Watson commenced to undress for bed, seeming quite cheerful. Not putting in an appearance this morning effort was made to call him from the outside. That not proving effectual the door was opened, when he was observed lying as if dead. An alarm was given and further investigation showed that he had taken his life by winding a silk handkerchief around his neck, tying it tight and causing strangulation. He had been drinking very freely for several days. Watson leaves a wife and child, who were only made aware of his suicide by hearing it in the streets on their way down town about ten o'clock this morning. The unfortunate fellow tried to kill himself only a few days since by hanging, but the article to which he was suspended would not hold his weight.

Thrown Off by a Broken Rail.

NASHUA, Dec. 20.—The 9:15 passenger train from this city on the Nashua & Rochester railway was thrown from the track by a broken rail at East Derry. The combined smoking, mail and baggage car and one passenger car were thrown off, the first car plunging against the depot and overturning, and the passenger car stopping without injury to any person. Chas. B. Tilden, of Nashua, who has a patent office in Boston, is suffering from a scalp wound and two or three broken ribs. Flagg, the express agent; Balcom, the baggagemaster; Small and one other, a mail agent, were wounded and bruised. Mr. Tilden was brought to his home in this city. It is hoped that he is not fatally hurt.

Sitting Bull's Indians.

ST. PAUL, Dec. 20.—The Indians belonging to Sitting Bull's camp, now on the way to Fort Buford to surrender, according to General Terry's information are almost starving and seem to have only a small supply of ammunition. They want to keep in the timber and down Porcupine creek to the mouth of Milk river and stop a few days on the way to hunt game. They are like cattle, so scout Allison reports, easily stampeded and handled with difficulty.

Tennessee's House Republican.

NASHVILLE, Dec. 20.—An application for a writ of mandamus having been made in the circuit court to compel the Governor and Secretary of State to issue a certificate of election to Mr. Stewart, Democrat, member of the Legislature from Polk and Bradley counties, it came up Saturday and its consideration was postponed until January 27. The postponement of this question has the effect of giving the Republicans the organization and control of the House of Representatives.

Spiritualists Digging for Gold.

ALBION, N. Y., Dec. 20.—A band of spiritualists are digging for gold two miles south of here, under the inspiration and direction of a Rochester medium. They claim to have found many articles of curiosities, including Masonic emblems and a bird engraved on finely cut stone.

Murder in the Second Degree.

HONOLULU, Pa., Dec. 20.—In the Bortree trial the jury rendered a verdict of guilty of murder in the second degree, to the great surprise of everyone. Counsel for the prisoner have asked for time to file reasons for a new trial. Sentence was deferred until December 30th.

Mysterious Robbery of Diamonds.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 20.—Yesterday afternoon the residence of Mrs. Gov. Tadd at Youngstown, Ohio, was entered by robbers, who stole \$5,000 worth of diamonds and jewelry. Mrs. Todd's family was at home, and it is a great mystery how the robbery occurred.

Mrs. Sprague Sues for a Divorce.

PROVIDENCE, Dec. 20.—A petition to be filed in Washington court to-day by Katherine Chase Sprague, praying for a divorce from William Sprague on grounds of adultery and other misbehavior, and for neglecting to provide for her support.

—We publish in another column the Prospectus of the New York Atlas, one of the oldest papers in the country. The price is but Seventy-five Cents a year. Each issue contains forty-eight pages of choice matter, interesting to all members of a family. The articles on agriculture in each week are worth to any farmer the cost of a year's subscription. Specimen copies may be seen at our office, or will be forwarded from New York on application.

Cause and Effect.

The main cause of nervousness is indigestion, and that is caused by weakness of the stomach. No one can have sound nerves and good health without using Hop Bitters to strengthen the stomach, purify the blood, and keep the liver and kidneys active, to carry off all the poisonous and waste matter of the system. See other column.—Advance, 49-21

New Jersey Wine.

This wine for sickness has long been in popular favor, but by no means inflicting in its nature. We refer to Speer's Port Grape Wine which has been introduced into the hospitals and among the first families in New York, the principal drug stores in this city. By Alfred Speer, of Passaic, N. J., who has devoted himself for many years to the cultivation of the Oporio, Grape, and the study of fermentations, and producing an article, the medical properties of which are said by gentlemen of reputation to be unsurpassed. Mr. Speer ferments his wine by a new process, peculiar to himself, without the addition of sugar or spirits. We doubt whether there is a vineyard in the old or new world that can yield a wine at all comparable to this in richness or delicacy of flavor. All first class druggists keep it. The above extract from the New

York Herald shows the appreciation in which Speer's wine is held abroad. We have drank the wine and can endorse what the above extract says concerning its good qualities. The way in which it is matured by Mr. Speer gives it a finer flavor than any wine we ever drank.—Boston Traveler. For sale by J. J. HARRIS, 49-21

A Free Book For The Sick!

Containing nearly 100 pages, in pamphlet form: shows how Chronic Diseases can be positively cured by an original system of practice. It contains valuable and suggestive notes, by Dr. E. B. Foote, on nearly all the chronic ills to which the human family is subject, besides illustrative cases, and will be sent by mail to any one sending their address and a three cent stamp to pay cost of mailing. Address MURRAY HILL PUB. CO., 129 East 28 Street, N. Y. City, 21

Too COURTEOUS.—Courtesy may suffer from exaggeration. By too much courtesy we become discourteous, and excess of civility makes us uncivil. A gentleman of infinite complaisance was about to take leave of another of like disposition. The latter insisted on seeing him to the door of his house. The former refused, and after many gracious words locked the door on his host and ran down the staircase; but the host, opening his window, lightly leaped into the street and was ready to hand his guest into his carriage. "You might have broken your neck," said the entertained, "True," replied the entertainer, "but better so than break the canons of politeness."

A Lady's Wish

"Oh, how I do wish my skin was as clear and soft as yours," said a lady to her friend. "You can easily make it so," answered the friend. "How?" inquired the first lady. "By using Hop Bitters, that makes pure blood and blooming health. It did it for me as you observe." Read of it.—Cairo Bulletin, 49-91

New Advertisements.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY R. R. COMPANY.—The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Bald Eagle Valley R. R. Company will be held at their office in Lock Haven, Pa., on MONDAY, the 10th day of January, A. D. 1881, at 12 o'clock M.

NOTICE.—TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD CO.: Notice is hereby given that the meeting of stockholders of the Bald Eagle Valley R. R. Co. to be held Jan. 10, 1881, in Lock Haven, Pa., the stockholders will be called upon to vote upon the question of an increase of the number of Directors, and transact any other business which may be brought before the stockholders at said meeting.

ESTRAY.—CAME UPON THE PREMISES of the subscriber in College township, on or about September 15, 1880, one two-year-old HEIFER, light red, white back and face, notch out of under side of left ear. The owner hereby notified to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take the animal away, or it will be disposed of according to law.

AUDITORS NOTICE.—THE UNDERSIGNED, an Auditor appointed by the Orphans Court of Centre County to make distribution of the funds of JOHN A. KESLER, deceased, in the hands of John A. Hunter, Geo. W. Elder, and Jacob Gray, administrators of Robert Elder, deceased, will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office in the borough of Bellefonte, on Tuesday, the 15th day of January, A. D. 1881, at 10 o'clock A. M., when and where all persons interested are requested to present their claims, or be debarred from coming in at a share of said fund.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.—LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of JOHN BUCKLEY, deceased, in the County of Centre, formerly of Liberty township, Centre county, Pa., all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the estate to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.

ESTRAY.—CAME UPON THE PREMISES of the subscriber in Patton township, on or about Oct. 1, 1880, a two-year-old STEER, red sides and white on back and belly, both ears cut square off. The owner is hereby notified to prove property, pay charges and take the animal away, or it will be disposed of according to law.

ESTRAY.—CAME TRESPASSING ON THE premises of the subscriber in Half-Moon township, on or about October 15th, 1880, a brindle steer, supposed to be about 2 years old. The owner is hereby notified to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take said animal away, or it will be disposed of according to law.

ELECTION NOTICE.—TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE BELLEFONTE GAS COMPANY: The annual Election of said Company will be held at the office of E. & J. M. Blanchard, on MONDAY, the 31st day of January, 1881. A President, six Managers, Secretary and Treasurer to be elected for the ensuing year.

ESTRAY.—CAME TRESPASSING UPON the premises of the subscriber in Taylor township, Centre county, Pa., on or about the 1st day of August, 1880, one red Heifer with skin in each ear and about 1 year old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay damages and take her away, or she will be disposed of according to law.

ESTRAY.—CAME TRESPASSING UPON the premises of the subscriber in Taylor township, Centre county, Pa., on or about the 1st day of August, A. D. 1880, one red and white spotted Steer and one black Heifer, with white forehead, both spring calves and no ear marks. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay damages and take the same away or they will be disposed of according to law.

AUDITORS NOTICE.—IN THE MATTER of the estate of GEORGE L. SCHUBERT, deceased. The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphans Court of Centre county, to make distribution of the balance of the fund in said Court belonging to said estate, will meet among those legally entitled thereto, and among the parties interested at his office, in Bellefonte, Pa., on Tuesday, January 4th, A. D. 1881, at 10 o'clock A. M.

Dr. JONES' CREAM CAMPHOR
Is the name of the popular Liniment that cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, or Stiffened Joints, Frost Bites, Pain in the Face, Head or Spine, Chapped Hands, Bruises, Sprains, Burns, Mosquito Bites, Ring or Bite of an insect, Poison from common Snakes, Viper, or Man or Beast. Always reliable and almost instantaneous in its relief. Having an agreeable odor, it is pleasant to apply. Sold by all druggists. Price, 25 cents.
N. B.—This Liniment received a Prize Medal at the State Fair, 1875.

Christmas Presents.—Frank P. Blair.

Dry Goods, Clothing &c., at Cost.—Guggenheimer & Co.

New Advertisements.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

Especially for Ladies.

Especially for Gentlemen

Vest Chains, latest style.
Chatelaine Watches.
Bracelets—gold, silver and gold plated
Gold and gold plated Necklaces, Charms, Locketts and Crosses.
Gold Thimbles, 14k, and silver Thimbles.
Toilet Sets (Crackle ware.)
Opera Glasses Card Cases
Plain China Cups.
Gold plated Lace and Scarf Pins.
Gold and silver sets Jewelry—Half sets.
Jewel Boxes.
Individual Casters.
Individual Pepper and Salt, Japanese and American.
Gold Spectacles.

Gold and silver Watches, key and stem winders.
Vest Chains, gold, silver and gold plate, with Locketts and Charms.
Gold Rings, seal, stone and glove. [No plated rings in stock]
Napkin Rings, sterling silver and plated.
Shirt Stays, Cuff and Collar Buttons.
Scarf Pins and Rings.
PEDOMETERS.
Elegant Ink Stands,
For Library or Office.
Smoking Sets, brass and Japanese.
Umbrella Stands in bronze.
Individual Casters, salt and pepper.
Gold Spectacles.

For Boys and Girls.

For Everybody.

Boys' Watches, gold and silver, \$3.25 up.
Girls' Bracelets, Locketts, Chains
Stone, Seal, Plain and Band Rings.
Knife, Fork and Spoon sets.
Solid Sil. Children's Spoons.
Spy Glasses, Microscopes.
Nickel Clocks, with or without alarm.
Porridge and Bread and Milk sets.

Triple plate Knives, Spoons and Forks.
Casters, 3, 4, 5 and 6 bottles.
Butter Dishes, usual and patent.
Soup and Gravy Tureens.
Baking Dishes, Pickle Casters.
Card, Cake and Preserve Stands.
French Clocks (gilt, with shade).

—AT—

FRANK P. BLAIR'S,

No. 2 Brockerhoff House.



There is no civilized nation in the Western Hemisphere in which the utility of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters as a tonic, corrective, and antacid, is not known and appreciated. While it is a medicine for all seasons and all climates, it is especially suited to the complaints generated by the weather, being the purest and best vegetable stimulant in the world.

THE SUN FOR 1881.

Everybody reads The Sun. In the editions of this newspaper throughout the year to come everybody will find:

I. All the world's news, so presented that the reader will get the greatest amount of information with the least unprofitable expenditure of time and eyesight. The Sun long ago discovered the golden mean between redundant fulness and unsatisfactory brevity.

II. Much of that sort of news which depends upon its recognized importance than upon its interest to mankind. From morning to evening The Sun prints a continued story of the lives of real men and women, and of their deeds, plans, loves, hates and troubles. This story is more varied and more interesting than any romance that was ever devised.

III. Good writing in every column, and freshness, originality, accuracy, and lucidity in the treatment of every subject.

IV. Honest comment. The Sun's habit is to speak out fearlessly about men and things.

V. Equal candor in dealing with each political party, and equal readiness to command what is praiseworthy or to rebuke what is blamable in Democrat or Republican.

VI. Absolute independence of partisan organizations, but unwavering loyalty to true Democratic principles. The Sun believes that the government which the constitution gives us is a good one to keep. Its notion of duty is to resist to its utmost power the efforts of men in the Republican party to set up another form of government in place of that which exists.

The year 1881 and the years immediately following will probably decide this supremely important contest. The Sun believes that the victory will be with the people as against the Rings for monopoly, the Rings for plunder, and the Rings for imperial power.

Our terms are as follows:
For the Daily Sun, a four-page sheet of twenty-eight columns, the price by mail, post paid, is 52 cents a month, or \$6.50 a year; or, including the Sunday paper, an eight-page sheet of fifty-six columns, the price is 65 cents a month, or \$7.70 a year, postage paid.
The Sunday edition of The Sun is also furnished separately at \$1.20 a year, postage paid.
The price of the Weekly Sun, eight pages, fifty-six columns, is \$1 a year, postage paid.
For clubs of ten sending \$10 we will send an extra copy free. Address L. W. ESOLAND, Publisher of The Sun, New York City.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE Rural New Yorker.

For North, East, South, West.

Farmers, Fruit Growers, Stockmen, Gardeners, Dairy-men, Horticulturists, you cannot afford to do without it.

500 Beautiful Illustrations from Nature yearly.

The First American Rural Authority! 16 pages, Weekly, only \$2.00 a Year.

It has distributed price among its subscribers some of the most valuable varieties of plants in civilization.

SEND FOR SPECIMEN COPIES, WHICH WILL BE FORWARDED FREE.

The present Free Seed and Plant Distribution is worth more than the yearly cost of subscription.

ASK THOSE WHO KNOW.

Your family will be delighted with the RURAL NEW YORKER.

It is Pure in Tone, Sparkling, Conscientious, Original.

Best Writers in the World.

31st Year of its age, 4th of its present Management.

SUBSCRIBE NOW.

Experiment grounds of 82 acres worked in the interests of subscribers. The Rural New Yorker will aid you to make and to save money. It will tell you what new seeds and plants, farm implements, etc., to purchase, without regard to advertising interests.

Special departments devoted to Markets, News of the Week, to Women, Domestic Economy, to Religious Matters, Fashions.

Trustworthy Market Reports from all centers of a specialty. Address, RURAL NEW YORKER, 24 Park Row, New York.

LOOK AT THIS! LOOK AT THIS!

The Greatest Opportunity Ever Offered the People of Centre County.

Isaac Guggenheimer & Co.

HAVING DETERMINED TO CLOSE OUT THEIR

Entire Stock of DRY GOODS AT COST,

WILL OFFER TO THE PEOPLE OVER \$15,000 WORTH OF

Dry Goods, Dress Goods, Fancy Goods, Ladies' Shawls, of all kinds,

And of which they have the largest and best assortment ever brought to this town, especially in

BROCHE SHAWLS, LADIES' COATS, FURS, &c.

Their stock of SILK HANDKERCHIEFS for the Holidays will surprise everybody and the

GREAT INDUCEMENTS IN CLOTHING

Offered, should secure a rush from now until the stock is all sold.

S. & A. LOEB,

THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE DEALERS IN THE CELEBRATED

ROCHESTER CLOTHING.

Better Fits, better Workmanship, better Styles, better Linings, superior in every respect to any other ready-made Clothing in the United States, and equal in every respect to the work of any merchant tailor in any of our large cities.

Prices fully as low as ordinary slop-shop work—generally sold in Bellefonte.

Mothers, bring in your Children, from 4 years up, and examine our assortment of CHILDREN'S WEAR.

S. & A. LOEB,

Fine Clothiers, and dealers in General Merchandise

Lawrence L. Brown—Coal, Grain, Plaster, &c.

WANTED.

10,000 BUSHELS CORN.
10,000 BUSHELS BARLEY.
10,000 BUSHELS OATS.
10,000 BUSHELS RYE.

Highest Cash Prices will be Paid.

I am stocking my COAL YARD this season with nothing but the VERY BEST QUALITY of

ANTHRACITE COAL!

GIVE IT A TRIAL. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

LAWRENCE L. BROWN.

Coal Yard and Grain Elevator at rear of B. E. V. R. R. Depot.

"The Leading American Newspaper."

The New York Tribune FOR 1881.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATION AMONG THE BEST PEOPLE.

During the past year the New York Tribune reached the largest circulation it ever attained, with the exception of a short period in the first Lincoln campaign. It is a larger circulation, and more widely distributed, than any other newspaper in the United States. This fact may be taken as the verdict of the American People on the Tribune's political force, its fidelity to American principles, and its merits as a newspaper.

For 1881, the Tribune will try to deserve equally well of the public. It will labor for, and it confidently expects the incoming administration to promote, a free and fair suffrage, South and North, sound money, Home Industry, judicious liberality in Internal Improvements, and a Civil Service conducted on business principles, on the theory of elevating, not of ignoring or degrading politics.

The well-known special features of The Tribune will be sedulously maintained. Its Agricultural Department will remain the fullest and best. The Household, the Young People's Department, the literary, scientific and religious features, the standard market reports, will all be kept up, and, as opportunity offers, extended.

Terms of the Tribune.

For Postage free in the United States.

Daily Tribune, one year.....\$12 00

Daily Tribune without Sunday edition..... 10 00

Sunday Tribune..... 2 00

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

Single copy, one year.....\$3 00

Five copies, one year..... 2 00 each

Ten copies, one year..... 2 00 each

THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

Single copy, one year.....\$2 00

Five copies, one year..... 1 50 each

Ten copies, one year..... 1 00 each

Any number of copies of either edition above ten at the same rate. Address to the Tribune, 150 Nassau Street, New York, for rates, and to be made at any time at club rates. Remit by draft on New York, post office order, or in registered letter.

THE TRIBUNE PREMIUMS.

The Tribune has never been equalled in the substantial and permanent value of its premiums to its subscribers. It is now offering to its list this year two of the most desirable it has ever offered. Note the following:

THE GREAT BIBLE CONCORDANCE.

Analytical Concordance to the Bible, on an entirely new plan, containing every word in an alphabetical order, arranged under its Hebrew or Greek original, with the literal meaning of each and its pronunciation; exhibiting 311,000 references, 114,000 beyond Grolier's marking 3,000 various readings in the New Testament, with the latest information on Biblical geography and Antiquities, etc., etc. By Robert Young, LL.D., author of a new Literal Translation of the Hebrew and Greek Scriptures, etc.

In one handsome quarto volume, containing over 1,100 three-column pages, very substantially bound in cloth. The page and type are the same size as those of Webster's Unabridged Dictionary, is at once a Concordance, Hebrew and English Lexicon of Bible words, and a Scriptural Gazetteer. Every home that has a Bible in it ought also to have this great help to Bible reading and study.

This great work was originally published in England in October, 1879, and it sold at \$18. We can now offer it in connection with The Tribune at the following remarkably low rates: For \$5 the Concordance and one copy of the Weekly Tribune five years, or five copies one year.

For \$11 the Concordance and one copy of The Semi-Weekly Tribune five years, or five copies one year, or ten copies of The Weekly Tribune one year.

For \$20 the Concordance and twenty copies of The Weekly Tribune one year. The postage on the Concordance is 40 cents, which the subscriber will remit if wishing it sent by mail. Except for short distances the mail will be cheaper than the express. For our second new premium for this year is the following:

THE LIBRARY OF UNIVERSAL KNOWLEDGE.

Embracing Chamber's Encyclopedia complete, omitting only some of the cyclopaedias, with additions by an army of American editors, treating about 15,000 additional topics, thoroughly Americanizing the entire work, adding to it over 25 per cent. of the latest and most valuable reading matter, the whole making 15 Handsome Octavo Volumes, of 6 by 9 1/2 inches in size, printed in large type on good, strong, colored paper, and neatly and substantially bound in cloth.

We can offer this valuable work in connection with The Tribune as follows:

For \$15—The Library of Universal Knowledge complete in 15 octavo volumes, substantially bound in cloth, as above described, and The Weekly Tribune five years to one subscriber.

For \$20—The Library of Universal Knowledge as above described, and The Semi-Weekly Tribune five years to one subscriber.

For \$25—The Library of Universal Knowledge as above described, and ten copies of The Weekly Tribune one year.

For \$30—The Library of Universal Knowledge as above described, and twenty copies of The Weekly Tribune one year.

Five volumes of the work are now ready, the sixth is nearly through the press, and the rest will rapidly follow. It will be sent by mail or express at the subscriber's expense. The postage, if sent by mail, will be 21 cents per volume. In packages, by express, they can be had much cheaper.

PROMPT WORK.

To induce prompt work for the greatest premium, we make the following most extraordinary offer: With the first 2000 orders received for the Library of Universal Knowledge we will send free, as a present from The Tribune, Macaulay's History of England, in three handsomely bound volumes, printed in large type and good paper, and neatly bound in cloth.

A Magnificent Gift!

Worcester's Great Unabridged Dictionary Free!

The New York Tribune will send to subscribers' expense for freight, or deliver in New York City free, Worcester's Great Unabridged Quarterly Illustrated Dictionary, bound in sheep, edition of 1879, the very latest and very best edition of that great work, to any one remitting

\$10 for a single five years' subscription in advance, or five one-year subscriptions to The Weekly, or

\$15 for a single five years' subscription in advance, or five one-year subscriptions to The Daily, or

\$20 for a single three years' subscription in advance to The Daily Tribune, or

For one dollar extra the Dictionary can be sent by mail to any part of the United States, while for short distances the express is much cheaper.

For any further information desired, address THE TRIBUNE, New York.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—THE UNDER-

SIGNED, an Auditor appointed by the Orphans Court of Centre County to hear and determine the exceptions filed to the 1st and 2d part of accounts of Geo. Gentzel, Administrator of Wm. Gentzel, deceased, and make distribution of the balance in his hands, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in the borough of Bellefonte on Tuesday, the 28th day of December next, at 10 o'clock A.M., when and where all persons interested are requested to attend and present their claims against said fund.

48-31 E. M. BLANCHARD, Auditor.

LEGAL NOTICE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY

given to all whom it may concern, that an application will be made to His Honor John H. Orris, Additional Law Judge, on Friday, the 24th day of December, at chambers, by the Trustees of the Presbyterian Congregation of the Bellefonte, Pa., to change their charter of incorporation so as to authorize the holding of their Annual Congregational Meeting on the second Tuesday, instead of the first day, of January in each year.

ADAM HOY, Pres't and Au'y, &c.

ESTRAY.—CAME TRESPASSING UPON

the premises of the subscriber in Taylor township, Centre county, Pa., on or about the 28th day of November, A. D. 1880, a horse with some white spots on body and white star on forehead, about 2 years old; and one red Bull with part of tail off and the end cut off of each ear, a notch cut from under part of left ear, about one year old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay damages and take the same away, or they will be disposed of according to law.

(Signed) DANIEL BEANS.

D. C. GAS, Jr., Clerk.

11 48-31

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Home, Farm and Garden.

A rural residence, tastefully planted and richly adorned with floral beauties, is generally found to be the abode of refinement and intelligence.

A deep snow is called the poor man's manure, for the reason that it is a good winter mulch. And a large amount of ammonia is brought from atmosphere to the earth by the falling snow.

Plowing should be done only when the soil will crumble loosely; when the plow smears the upturned surface, the soil will be injured. Yet to "make haste with caution" is advisable.

Recent experiments in England show that thin sowing of wheat in drills is more productive than thick sowing. By special culture on small plots a single grain to the hill has given a yield of 100 to 162 bushels to the acre, according to the *Experiment Record*.

We would suggest to those who have no woodlands that, as a measure of economy, it is well to plant cuttings or roots of fast-growing trees like the weeping willow, catalpa and silver maple. These planted in corners of fields or out-of-the-way places soon make large trees and may then be cut down, without being missed, and used for fire wood. The weeping willow, for instance, in six years from a cutting will make a tree eighteen inches in diameter and thirty feet in height.

Cheese Sauce.—The dish must be sent to the table direct from the oven in the pan in which it has been baked, as it falls if kept standing. Beat separately the whites and yolks of two eggs, add to the yolks one tablespoonful of sifted flour, two of grated cheese, a pinch of cayenne, one of salt, and one cup of milk; when well mixed add the whites, beaten to a froth, and stir briskly, pour into a buttered shallow pan, and bake in a quick oven until a rich brown—about fifteen minutes.

A correspondent of the New York *Tribune* says for the last nine years he has used the soft-soap wash on apple trees. About June 15th he takes a sufficient quantity of the soap, thin a little, let stand a half a day to thoroughly mix, and then paste or plaster or paint it on the trees with a large paint brush. First scraping the body of the tree and seeing that the trunk is clean, put on plenty of sap as high on the limbs as one has time and patience, and extending well to the ground. One will be astonished at the beneficial effect.

Baked Beans.—Pick over a quart of beans at night, and put over them warm water to cover them well. In the morning drain them and put them in cold water, with one-quarter of a spoonful of soda, and boil them half an hour; drain again, free from water, and put them in a bean-pot, with two tablespoonfuls of molasses and half a pound of salt pork, which has been well washed; fill the pot, with sufficient boiling water to cover the beans; place the cover on the pot, and put a rim of paste, made of flour and water, around it, and bake in a very moderate oven eight or ten hours. If you have not a regular bean-pot, put them in a baking-dish and cut the pork into small pieces, placing one in the centre of the beans and the rest at oven distances around it.

To Restore Scratched Furniture.—Scrape one pound of beeswax into shavings in a pan; add half a gallon spirits of turpentine and one pint linseed oil. Let it remain twelve hours, then stir it well with a stick, into a liquid, while stirring add one-quarter of a pound of shellac varnish and one ounce of alkali root. Put this mixture into a gallon jar and stand it before the fire or in an oven, for a week, (to keep it just warm), shake it up three or four times a day. Then strain it through a hair sieve and bottle it. Pour a tablespoonful on a wad of baize, go lightly over the face and other parts of mahogany furniture, then rub briskly with a similar dry wad, and in three minutes it will produce a dark brilliant polish unequalled.

Another preparation may be made as follows: Make a mixture of three parts linseed oil and one part spirits of turpentine. It not only covers the disfigured surface, but restores wood to its original color, and leaves a luster upon the surface. Put on with a woollen cloth, and when dry rub with woollen.

In the city of Dublin there are 24,000 families, averaging five members, who are each living in a single room. The death rate of the city is forty per 1,000, which is equivalent to sixty per 1,000 in the "element house districts." These two facts, the enormous number of families living in a single room and the high death rate, prove that the horrors and dangers of Irish distress have not been exaggerated. These families of five shut up each in a single room depend for support on wages of from ten to seventeen English shillings a week.

So many tenants on the Duke of Marlborough's Oxfordshire property have given up their farms that he has over 5,000 acres unoccupied and thrown on his own hands. Many other large landlords in the country are in a similar predicament and in Warwickshire, Gloucestershire and Wiltshire things are even worse. In fact, the number of acres now unoccupied in England is most incredible.

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

2,000 Miles for a Husband.
PHOENIX, Dec. 13.—Mrs. E. Potter is a lover of flowers and has the finest collection of green house plants in this section. Last spring a gentleman in Arizona advertised for a certain kind of rare plant. Mrs. Potter answered the advertisement by letter, and a correspondence followed, ending in a proposal of marriage. He wrote that he could not leave his business to come east, but would send a representative. A lady subsequently arrived in that capacity, who said she was the third wife of Brigham Young. She negotiated so successfully that Mrs. Potter has sold her property and started on her 2,000 mile journey the last five hundred of which must be by stage. The man she goes to marry is a Mormon.

Counterfeiters Arrested.
NEW YORK, Dec. 13.—The United States secret service agents succeeded Saturday in making an important capture of counterfeiters, which will effectually break up, probably, the most dangerous gang of dealers and "shovers" of coin in this country. The arrests were made under the direction of Mr. Gilbert D. Perkins, the agent stationed at Pittsburgh, assisted by Chief Drummond, and comprise seventeen persons, mostly saloon keepers in this city. All the defendants were charged with selling counterfeit coin at various dates to a man whose name is withheld for the present. They were held in default of \$5,000 bail to appear for examination.

Pensacola Burned.
PENSACOLA, Fla., Dec. 13.—A disastrous fire burned here for eight hours Friday night. Five blocks in the heart of the city were destroyed, involving a loss of over half a million, possibly three-quarters of a million dollars. Palafox street, from Whittier's corner to the middle of the block opposite the Plaza, is swept clean. The fire stopped in Government street at the City Hotel, east, and one square back of the Custom House, west. Over one hundred establishments are gone, embracing the main business buildings, and turning out about fifty families from their homes.

A Defaulter.
WORCESTER, Dec. 13.—Frederick L. Almy, bookkeeper for E. T. Smith & Co., wholesale grocers, is a defaulter in the sum of \$8,000 or \$10,000. By falsifying the books he has taken the above sum in ten or twelve months and spent it in fast living. He visited Boston frequently, and claims to have lost a good share of the money in gambling rooms in that city, losing \$600 in one night. His salary was \$15 per week. He has a wife and child who are visiting in Philadelphia, and are ignorant of his crime. He had \$800 in his possession when arrested.

A Young Lady Killed.
COLUMBUS, Ohio, Dec. 13.—A special dispatch from Dublin, this country, says that on Saturday night as a party of young people were crossing the railroad track, near Elmwood station, their carriage was struck by an express train and demolished. Miss Clare Hansbrough, of Dublin, was instantly killed; Miss Anna Aris had a collar bone broken in two places, and Charles Fuller was badly injured. The party was singing and did not see or hear the approaching train.

Evading the Whisky Tax.
NASHVILLE, Dec. 13.—Collector Woodcock has received a dispatch from Commissioner Raum stating that there seems to be a revival of illicit distilleries, and to take immediate steps to arrest the offenders. Collector Woodcock telegraphed in reply that he did not think the circumstances as yet required the use of an armed force, but he would see that the law was fully executed.

The Erratic Mrs. B.
NEW YORK, Dec. 14.—The peculiar case of Mrs. Bergman is still without end. When the young wife who is wealthy, abandoned her husband, also wealthy, at Philadelphia, and came to this city, she was after a time induced to place herself under the care of Dr. Hammond. Today her case being considered relatives and friends insisted she should return to Philadelphia and her husband. The interview was stormy. Mrs. Bergman declared she would not go back to her husband. Her mother and other relatives expostulated, but the demented woman was firm in her refusal. She will be placed in an asylum.

Grant at the Capital.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—General Grant arrived in this city last evening from New York, accompanied by Mrs. Grant, Mrs. Jesse Grant and the

ex-Mexican Minister. A portion of the National Committee of Boys in Blue, consisting of Generals Logan, Burnside and Hawley, Colonels Tichenour, Thompson, Allen, Ruth, of North Carolina, and C. P. Crandall, of Oregon, together with several hundred Boys in Blue, were waiting at the depot when General Grant arrived. A procession was formed and the ex-President escorted to the residence of General Beall. To-night a public reception will be extended to him at the Masonic Temple. He will return to New York on Friday.

Blaine for Secretary of State.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—The mention of Senator Blaine's name for Secretary of State in Garfield's cabinet is generally applauded. It is admitted that he would make one of the best the country ever had. In the first place he is rich, and that is a prime requisite of a Secretary of State under a Republican form of government. For instance, he receives \$8,000 a year. Mr. Fish paid \$6,000 a year to ex Gov. Morgan for the rent of his house alone, and it never cost him a penny less than \$2,500 a month to run his establishment. Secretary Evarts pays Hutchinson, one of the fur seal magnates, \$5,000 for his princely domicile, and spends at least \$20,000 more in keeping up his premises. Blaine is reputed to be worth three million dollars, and allowing for the usual discount of public opinion of a man's wealth, he certainly has bagged his million. As Speaker, Blaine's entertainments were gorgeous. As head of the Ministry they would simply be magnificent. If it were put to a vote here Blaine would be Secretary of State by a large majority.

Suspected Murder.
CANTON, Dec. 14.—Simon Kline died suddenly on Saturday, it was supposed from pneumonia. The funeral, which was to have taken place to-day, was postponed by the neighbors, on suspicion of foul play. Kline lived alone with a son a student at law, and a housekeeper. It is thought that poison was administered which caused death, but as yet the evidence is insufficient to justify the arrest of anybody. Coroner Cock and physicians removed the heart and stomach this afternoon and will subject them to a chemical analysis. The inquest will be held to-morrow morning. The developments tend to criminate the son, who when sought for an interview was reported sick. It is thought by the neighbors if the son administered the poison it was to get the father's property, as Mr. Kline was possessed of considerable wealth.

Terrible Tragedy.
DURHAM, Dec. 14.—A horrible double tragedy occurred here this morning. Hiram S. Holbrook, a local agent of the American express company, while lying in bed fired a bullet into the brain of his daughter, two years old, who was in a crib by his side and then shot himself in the head. He was in poor health and was naturally sensitive which are the only causes known for the rash act. His wife had left him only fifteen minutes before in order to prepare breakfast. Holbrook died in three hours and the child could not survive the day.

Fatal Boiler Explosion.
LATROBE, Dec. 14.—This morning the boilers at Baker's car works, at this place, exploded with tremendous force. Two young men named Campbell and Williams were badly scalded. Not thinking that they were seriously injured they walked to the office of Dr. Anderson and had their wounds dressed, and both were dead before noon.

Frozen to Death and Devoured by Hogs.
HARRISBURG, Dec. 16.—A horrible story has just come to light in Franklin county, which has thrown the community into great excitement. The facts are furnished by a correspondent of the *Chambersburg Herald* are: On Thursday, November 25th—Thanksgiving day—Annie Bender, an insane girl, subject to epileptic fits, left her home in Quincy and called at a neighbor's residence, where she had dinner. She left there in the afternoon and it was supposed she would go home, but she did not reach her father's residence that day nor the next. As she had often wandered away from her home before, no particular attention was paid to her prolonged absence.

On Sunday, December 11th, a man named Rushman while hunting in Small's woods, came upon the remains of the unfortunate girl. The body was mutilated beyond description by the hogs which roam in a semi-wild condition through the

woods. The flesh had been stripped from the bones and the only part of the body left was one foot which was encased in a shoe.

The bones were scattered over an area of fifty yards and about one-third of the number composing the skeleton were missing altogether. The neighbors gave the remains a decent burial. It is supposed the young girl was prostrated by an epileptic attack and was frozen to death, as it was very cold and snowing when she started from home. The conduct of the father is severely commented upon, as he informed no one of his daughter's disappearance, and when her mutilated corpse was found he did not attend the burial.

Mr. Grow Confident.
NEW YORK, Dec. 16.—Galusha A. Grow, of Pennsylvania, is in town, and in an interview at the St. James Hotel he said that he had no doubt as to the results of the Senatorial contest in his State. He felt confident of success. Out of seventy-eight members of the Legislature whose votes were necessary to secure the nomination in caucus, sixty-two had received definite instructions from their constituents. It was not likely that they would act contrary to those instructions. He did not feel at liberty to talk of the chances of other candidates, and he could not tell whether or not the Cameron influence would be exerted in his behalf.

WASHINGTON INTELLIGENCE.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—It has leaked out that the Democratic leaders, in their secret caucuses, have agreed amongst themselves that in the event of the passage of the joint resolution on the electoral count it will be possible to so prolong the counting of the electoral vote as to throw it beyond the fourth of March, or to throw out votes enough to throw the election into the House. Under this rule, as construed by Republicans, the objection of three members and two Senators can lead to the rejection of the vote of a State. It is believed that there would be no difficulty in finding that number of Democrats to attempt such a revolutionary measure, and what complications might arise would be their least thought. It is the apprehension of this scheme, or some other deep and dark laid plan, that has influenced the course of the Republicans, and they declare their purpose to stand by the resolution of the caucus in resisting this dangerous innovation upon the powers of the constitution. It is understood that the next step of the Democrats, having passed this joint rule, would be to renew the attempt to unseat Orth, so as not to jeopardize the possible contingency of an election in the House by relying upon De La Mar's vote to give the control of Indiana.

The most prominent Republicans do not fear any trouble growing out of a failure to count the vote in February, though they do an attempt to throw the election into the House. They claim that while the counting of the vote by the Vice-President is a mere form provided by the constitution, if by revolutionary means this act is frustrated, it would not vitiate the election. They consider that Garfield and Arthur were elected when the electoral colleges of the different States cast their votes, and even if the vote was not counted by the Vice-President in the presence of the two houses, he has the votes in his possession in accordance with all the forms of the constitution and the laws. It is believed that President Hayes would recognize the right of Garfield without this formal form, and would see that he was placed in possession of the executive chair.

There is much talk quietly among the Republicans, and every new phase of the Democratic movement is closely watched, so that whatever does happen they will be ready to meet the issue.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—Assistant Secretary French having to-day reversed the decision of last spring on hoop iron cut in lengths, and making it liable to *ad valorem* instead of specific duty, Representatives Bayne and Errett will call the Secretary's attention to-morrow to ascertain what this means.

The President stated to-day that he would not appoint a successor to Secretary Thompson, whose resignation will take effect on Monday, but under the statute authorizing the designation of another member of the cabinet for ten days at a time he would continue to designate Secretary Ramsey until the end of his

own term. This the President thinks will obviate any change in the administrative policy of the navy, which has been satisfactory.

Appointment of Marshal Hall.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The Judiciary committee to-day expects to take up the nomination of Marshal Hall. There being no objection it will be reported immediately.

The Hoop Iron Question.
Representatives Errett and Bayne yesterday had a conference with Secretary on the hoop iron question. It was shown that the ruling was not new, but made last June, and refers to cotton ties with fastened buckle and not hoop iron to be manufactured into cotton ties.

Justice Strong's Successor.
Yesterday morning Justice Strong handed his resignation to the President. Later the President visited the Department of Justice, and after informing Attorney-General Devens of the resignation, remained a long time in conference with him. It was decided to appoint Judge Woods, now of the Alabama circuit, to the vacancy. The President intimated his willingness to appoint Devens, but there being some doubt as to his confirmation, the southern Democrats insisting upon a southern man, it was thought best to await the resignation of Justice Clifford.

The Congressional Recess.
At a conference of a few leading Democratic Senators and Representatives it was decided to make an effort to take a recess over the holidays from the twentieth instead of the twenty-fourth, as now proposed. There seems to be no disposition, they admit, on the part of their friends to go to work before the holidays, and it is proposed by that time to have all the appropriation bills prepared and to go to work on them as soon as Congress reassembles. The fact is the Democrats are without a majority, and they say that it will be impossible to get their forces together sooner. As far as the electoral count is concerned, it is now not believed that anything serious is contemplated by the Democrats, but that the agitation at this time is simply to consume time until they can get themselves in shape to proceed with business. Those who are most to be trusted as law-abiding say that they do not anticipate any trouble in counting the electoral vote, as nothing can be gained by that, and that any useless agitation would be more likely to react to the disadvantage than to the benefit of the Democratic party.

Three Important Measures.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—Mr. Johnston, of Virginia, introduced in the Senate yesterday a bill providing that any citizen who may have a legal or equitable claim against the United States, not barred by the statute of limitations, and of which the Court of Claims would not now have jurisdiction, may file his bill or petition in that court, and the court is directed to try the case; but that judgments in favor of claimants shall not be payable until Congress has made an appropriation. It is also provided that all claims, with accompanying papers, now pending before Congress shall be sent to the Court of Claims for adjudication. Persons claiming to have been owners of captured or abandoned property which has been sold and the proceeds paid into the treasury of the United States, may at any time within a year after the passage of the bill prefer their claims in the Court of Claims. The bill was referred to the committee on the judiciary.

A resolution offered by Mr. McCall in the Senate to-day instructs the judiciary committee to inquire as to the cases of alleged unlawful arrest and imprisonment under the process of United States courts, and as to cases of alleged abuses of United States courts for personal and political objects.

The bill introduced yesterday by Senator Hill, of Colorado, "for the retirement of small legal-tender notes," provides that in place of the legal-tender notes of denominations less than \$5 which may be held in the treasury or hereafter presented for redemption, the Secretary of the Treasury shall each month substitute notes of the same character but of higher denominations to the amount (as nearly as practicable) of the standard silver dollars coined during that month, and that no legal-tender notes of a lower denomination than \$5 shall hereafter be printed. A copy of this bill was introduced in the House to-day by Representative Belford.

Periodicals.

THE GREATEST LIVING AUTHORS. such as Prof. M. E. Hall, R. W. G. Ladd, J. A. Froude, Prof. Huxley, R. A. Proctor, Edw. A. Freeman, Prof. Tyndall, Dr. W. H. Carpenter, Francis Power Cobbe, Prof. Goldwin Smith, The Duke of Argyll, W. G. Sumner, Thackeray, Mrs. Muloch-Craig, George MacDonald, Mrs. Oliphant, Jean Ingelow, Thomas Hardy, Mark Twain, Henry Kingsley, W. Story, Turgut, Carlyle, Hooker, Tennyson, Browning, and many others are represented in the pages of

Littell's Living Age.

In 1881 the *LIVING AGE* enters upon its thirty-eighth year, admittedly unrivalled and continuously successful. During the year it will furnish to its readers the productions of the most eminent authors, above-named and many others; embracing the choicest serial and short stories by the leading foreign novelists, and an amount *unapproached by any other Periodical in the world*, of the most valuable Literary and Scientific matter of the day, from the pen of the foremost English, French, German, Italian, Spanish, Portuguese, Russian, Greek, and American writers, and Editors, representing every department of Knowledge and Progress. The *LIVING AGE* is a weekly magazine giving more than *THIRTY* ANNO DOMINI, or *THIRTY* THOUSAND double-column octavo pages of reading matter yearly. It presents in an inexpensive form, considering its great amount of reading matter, with freshness, vigor, and its weekly issue, and by a satisfactory completeness attempted by no other publication, the best Essays, Reviews, Criticisms, Tales, Sketches, and Novels, and the most interesting and valuable of Travel and Discovery, Poetry, Scientific, Biographical, Historical and Political Information from the entire body of Foreign Periodical Literature.

It is therefore invaluable to every American reader, as the only satisfactorily fresh and COMPLETE compilation of an indispensable current literature, which is available because it embraces the productions of the

ABLEST LIVING WRITERS.
In no other form can so much thoroughly good reading be got for so little money; in no other form can so much instruction and entertainment be got in so small a space.—*Philadelphia Times*.

There is no other publication like it. It is a gem and a treasure to all who desire to keep abreast with the progress of the world, the English-speaking world.—*Episcopal Register, Philadelphia*.

It reproduces so fully the choicest articles from the foreign magazines, that one who reads it does not feel the need of anything else in the way of foreign periodical literature.—*The Advocate, Chicago*.

Its frequent issue and ample space enable it to give all that the very ablest of living writers furnish to periodical literature on science, history, biography, philosophy, poetry, theology, politics and criticism, and to add to this the full of the best that there is in fiction.—*The Interior, Chicago*.

Give us the best of all at the price of one.—*New York Independent*.

Teems with the choicest literature of the day.—*New York Tribune*.

It is by far the best eclectic published.—*Southern Churchman*.

It enables the reader, at trifling expense, considering the quantity and quality of the reading furnished, to keep pace with the best thought and literary work of our time.—*Christian Union, New York*.

One cannot read everything. . . . No man will be behind the times who reads the *LIVING AGE*.—*Zion's Herald, Boston*.

We know of no investment of eight dollars, in the world of literature, that will add equal returns.—*The Presbyterian, Philadelphia*.

It has no rival.—*New York Evening Post*.

Published WEEKLY at \$5.00 a year, free of postage.

As to NEW SUBSCRIBERS for the year 1881, remitting before Jan. 1st, the numbers of 1880 issued after the receipt of their subscriptions will be sent gratis.

Club Prices for the Best Home and Foreign Literature.

(* Possessed of THE LIVING AGE and one or other of our vigorous American monthlies, the subscriber will find himself in command of the whole situation.—*Philadelphia Evening Bulletin*. For \$10 THE LIVING AGE and any one of the American monthlies, or *Harpers' Weekly* or *Bazar*, will be sent for a year postpaid; or for \$9.50 THE LIVING AGE and the *St. Nicholas* or Appleton's *Journal*, or Appleton's *Monthly*. Address, LITTELL, J. O., Boston.

NOTICE.

THE BEST OFFER YET MADE.

FOUR OF FRANK LESLIE'S PUBLICATIONS ONE YEAR FOR ONLY \$2.50.

The Frank Leslie Publishing Co., 15 Deo St., New York, will send FRANK LESLIE'S FAMILY FRIEND, a 16-page family paper, for only \$1.00 a year.

FRANK LESLIE'S YOUNG FOLKS, devoted to the interest of young people, and containing much to amuse and instruct, for only \$1.00 a year.

FRANK LESLIE'S NATIONAL AGRICULTURIST AND WORKING FARMER, a 16-page illustrated paper, for only \$1.00 a year.

FRANK LESLIE'S LITTIM OF THE DAY, a 16-page illustrated paper. Just the paper for Sunday reading. Price, only 75 cents a year.

Or all four of the above publications for \$2.50 per year.

Any person desiring to act as our agent, on sending us \$1.50, will receive post paid, sample copies of the above publications, together with a complete agent's outfit of 12 beautiful premium chromos, also a copy of our Book of Valuable Information, of over 500 pages, containing an illustrated dictionary of every language word to be found in the English language. Medical and Household receipts, Legal advice and forms, articles on etiquette and letter writing, advice to merchants, sailors, and farmers. Samples of all our publications and illustrated catalogue (without premiums) for 15 cents. All desiring steady and profitable employment should send at once, before their territory is taken. Address, FRANK LESLIE PUBLISHING CO., 45-51 15 Deo Street, New York.

45-51 15 Deo Street, New York.

45-51 15 Deo Street, New York.

45-51 15 Deo Street, New York.

45-51 15 Deo Street, New York.

45-51 15 Deo Street, New York.

45-51 15 Deo Street, New York.

45-51 15 Deo Street, New York.

45-51 15 Deo Street, New York.

45-51 15 Deo Street, New York.

45-51 15 Deo Street, New York.

45-51 15 Deo Street, New York.

45-51 15 Deo Street, New York.

45-51 15 Deo Street, New York.

45-51 15 Deo Street, New York.

45-51 15 Deo Street, New York.

45-51 15 Deo Street, New York.

45-51 15 Deo Street, New York.

45-51 15 Deo Street, New York.

45-51 15 Deo Street, New York.

45-51 15 Deo Street, New York.

45-51 15 Deo Street, New York.

45-51 15 Deo Street, New York.

45-51 15 Deo Street, New York.

45-51 15 Deo Street, New York.

45-51 15 Deo Street, New York.

45-51 15 Deo Street, New York.

45-51 15 Deo Street, New York.

45-51 15 Deo Street, New York.

45-51 15 Deo Street, New York.

45-51 15 Deo Street, New York.

45-51 15 Deo Street, New York.

45-51 15 Deo Street, New York.

45-51 15 Deo Street, New York.

45-51 15 Deo Street, New York.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

The charming little operetta 'The Land of Nod' has proved a popular hit for the Christmas number of *St. Nicholas*. It is easily gotten up, at slight expense, and proves a delightful entertainment, adapted to any season of the year.

It is already in active preparation in many places, and attractive additional music has been written for three or four of the recitations, which Scribner & Co. will send to those desirous of bringing out the operetta.

INSITUATION.—A pleasant announcement made by the editors of *St. Nicholas* is that they have secured for their next number a story of Indian life by Insitathemba (Bright-eyes), the daughter of an Omaha chief, who has been traveling through the States during the last two years under the protection of two of her kinsmen, trying to rouse the conscience of the whites to the rights of her race. Miss La Flesche (for that is her English name) makes now, we believe, her first essay as an author, but she cannot but succeed if she gives as dramatic pictures of the daily domestic life of her people as she has hitherto done in her addresses. She has broad culture and keen perceptive faculty, and she has given herself up to the cause of her people with a simplicity and passionate singleness of heart that must rouse sympathy in every man and woman whose own instincts are true and pure.—*N. Y. Tribune*.

"THE RAILROADS AND THE PEOPLE."
—Mr. F. B. Thurber, of New York, furnishes to the December Scribner a paper which will be widely read, and which bids fair to create considerable excitement. It is entitled 'The Railroads and the people,' and it presents most forcibly the recent exposures of corruption in the great railroad monopolies of this country. The December number of Scribner contains also many striking illustrations as well as literary features. The November issue was the largest number ever printed; it contained one hundred and seventy pages, and was crowded with brilliant pictures and articles of more than usual interest.

Of the success of Scribner's in England, Mr. Jennings writes as follows to the New York World:
'What I was going to tell you about was the wonderful way in which American magazines are getting on in London. Scribner's has had a very large sale here for some few years past, and its circulation must now be, I think, fully as great as that of any English magazine, and it would not surprise me to hear that it is greater. Its illustrations have made its way easy for it. A very distinguished wood-engraver once told me that no work done in England in his line nowadays is worthy to be compared with that he saw every month in Scribner. If I mentioned his name, there is no one on either side of the Atlantic who would dispute his fitness to pronounce an opinion on such a subject. The rapid advance of Scribner's is easily accounted for, and is thoroughly well deserved.'

The price of Scribner's Monthly is \$4.00 a year, and new subscribers who begin with the November number may secure, by the payment of \$1.00 additional, nine back numbers, containing all of Part I. of Scribner's now famous serial history of Peter the Great, of which Rev. Edward Eggleston recently wrote: 'It is indeed a wonderful story, needing no aid to the imagination to make it one of the most curious in human history.'

For \$2.50 extra, the two richly bound volumes of last year's subscription. Book-sellers everywhere, or the publishers, Scribner & Co., 743 Broadway, New York, will supply the numbers and volumes.

A Pittsburgh Accomplishment.

Did you ever see a Pittsburgher get a flake of soot off his face? He never rubs it off. To rub off a flake of soot discloses the stranger. It also leaves a streak of black, half an inch wide, in place of the flake of soot as big as a three-cent piece. This is not an improvement. The Pittsburgher to the manner born blows it off. He is an adept in the art. If the flakes nestle on his nose, he protrudes his under lip, gives one vigorous whiff, and the obnoxious Pittsburgh snow-flake leaves his face without a mark. If it lights on either cheek, the mouth is puckered and stretched around in the direction of the smut, with the unerring accuracy of a garden hose. It is astonishing what almost incredible portions of the face and head can be reached by a native Pittsburgher in this way. I have seen one who could puff a black flake off the back of his neck. Sometimes the beauty-spot will nestle close in behind the left ear, where it is apparently secure from a blow as a calm centre. But the native simply gives it a puff clear around his head, from left to right; the current passes over the left ear, caroms on the right and comes back and picks up the wanderer and blows him away. They puff these soot flakes in a position, as easily as a weekly paper puffs the summer circus.—*Hawkeye*.

A Bucks county, Pennsylvania, man has just ended a lawsuit of forty years' standing and recovered six cents damages.

Keystone Splinters.

The schooner William Wylie ran aground off Chester on Thursday night and was badly damaged.

Mrs. Noah Howells, a bright and rosy English woman of only 19 summers, living at Braddock, has eloped with John Fonks.

The E. & G. Brooke iron company, Birdsboro, manufactured 17,745 kegs of nails during the month of November, and sold during the same month 20,740 kegs.

William M. Smith, 23 years of age, telegraph operator in the general office of the Reading railroad company, died at his residence in Germantown, of scarlet fever.

Henry Victor, a patrolman attached to the Seventeenth district, Philadelphia, fell dead at Tenth and Warnton streets while taking a prisoner to the station-house.

The trial of James Finkdone, aged 60 years, for the murder of his father, who was over 80 years, began at Sunbury on Friday. The old man was beaten to death, and the object was money.

J. W. Daughaday & Co. have a large order for thirty Model presses from France. Since the late international exhibition in Paris the firm have shipped upwards of one thousand presses to that country.

Broadheadville is in a state of excitement over the attempted abduction of one of its fair maidens by a young man named Pencell. The villain was caught and lodged in jail, and therefore doesn't still pursue her.

The Catholic church at New Philadelphia, Pa., of which Rev. P. V. O'Brien is pastor, was burned to the ground. The janitor had just started new fires in the building, and it is supposed a defective flue was the cause of the fire.

A new iron railroad bridge will speedily be erected at Belmont, Fairmount Park, Philadelphia, to be used in making a direct connection between the junction and the Reading railroad, for the new through line from the south to New York.

Forfeits.

A list of amusing forfeits, which will make the company laugh and not offend the persons called upon to pay them, is herewith given:

1. Put a newspaper upon the floor in such a way that two persons can stand on it and not be able to touch each other with their hands. By putting the paper in the doorway, one-half inside and the other half outside of the room, and closing the door over it, the two persons can easily stand upon it and still be beyond each other's reach.

2. To go out of the room with two legs, and come in with six. Not difficult if one thinks to bring a chair along on his return.

3. To act the dumb servant. The person who has the forfeit to pay must act out the answers to the questions put by the master of the ceremonies; 'How do you make bread?' etc. This forfeit will cause much merriment, if the proper questions are put.

4. Put one hand where the other cannot touch it. One can get out of this difficulty by putting one hand on the elbow of the other arm.

5. Place a pencil on the floor so that one cannot jump over it. May be done by putting it close to wall of the room.

6. Put a question that no one can answer with 'no.' This is not hard if one thinks to ask: 'What does y-e-s spell?'

7. Push a chair through a finger ring. This forfeit is made by putting the ring on the finger and pushing the chair—any other object will do as well—with the finger.

8. Put yourself through a key-hole. This was a great puzzle to us for a while, but when a piece of paper was taken with the word 'yourself' written upon it, and pushed through the hole, it was all clear.

A PECULIAR GAME.—A good story is told of a certain well-known gentleman of this city, a clerk in the office of M. E. Ingalls, president of the Indianapolis railroad. He obtained a short leave of absence to spend on a hunting excursion in Southern Indiana. His success as a sportsman was about equal to that of the average amateur, and he returned to the city without even so much as a chipmunk. After getting back to the city he wrote to Mr. Ingalls a polite note, thanking him for his courtesy and begging his acceptance of the accompanying package of game as the result of his efforts. Handing the note to the porter and giving him at the same time a \$5 note, he requested the latter to purchase a couple of dozen quail or prairie chickens, and present them to Mr. Ingalls with his compliments. The porter, who is a zealous fellow in whatever he undertakes, not succeeding in finding either quail or prairie chickens, invested the money in two cans of oysters and a dressed turkey, all of which he faithfully delivered with the note. Mr. Ingalls' astonishment at receiving this novel present from a city 'blood' fresh from the hunting fields of Indiana may well be imagined. The turkey was all right; even the dressing might be accounted for, but the oysters—

A piece of snobbery which would disgrace the smallest potato court in Europe has just been perpetrated at Arlington, N. J. It consisted in the ousting of two respectable young girls from a literary and musical society with a big name because they worked for a living and did domestic drudgery.

New Advertisements.



A SURE CURE for all the diseases for which it is recommended, and always perfectly safe in the hands of even the most inexperienced persons.

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER

It has stood the test of forty years' trial. It is recommended by Physicians, Ministers, Missionaries, Managers of Factories, Work-Shops, and Plantations, Nurses in Hospitals—in short by everybody everywhere who has ever given it a trial.

IT HAS STOOD THE TEST OF FORTY YEARS' TRIAL. PAIN KILLER is the well-tried and trusted friend of all who want a sure and safe medicine which can be freely used internally or externally without fear of harm and with certainty of relief.

Its price brings it within the reach of all; and it will annually save many times its cost in doctors' bills. For sale by all druggists at 25c, 50c, and \$1.00 per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Proprietors, Providence, R. I.

DRY GOODS
BY MAIL OR EXPRESS.
In Silks, we have thousands of dollars' worth of makes known to wear well, at moderate prices—sometimes jobs lots very cheap. In Dress Goods, our assortment of novelties and staples was never better. We have cheap but good fabrics, as high as you wish to pay. The Paris novelties are unusually attractive. In Cloths and Usters, we are told we have the best assortment in Philadelphia. In Ladies' Underwear, the exhibit is unrivaled, while the Upholstery display was never better. Gloves, Handkerchiefs, etc., etc., in latest colorings and styles. Send for OUR "FIRESIDE SHOPPING GUIDE."
COOPER & CONARD,
IMPORTERS AND RETAILERS,
832, 834, 836, 838 Market St.
PHILADELPHIA.
Established 1852. Mention this paper.

Wilson & McFarlane—Hardware.

This Space is Reserved for

WILSON, M'FARLANE & CO.

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

STOVES, &c.

HUMES' BLOCK, ALLEGHENY STREET

BELLEFONTE, PA.

BENJ. F. GRAFTON, STORY B. LADD,
HALBERT E. PAINE,

late Commissioner of Patents.

PATENTS

PAINE, GRAFTON & LADD,

Attorneys-at-Law and Solicitors of American and Foreign Patents.

412 Fifth Street, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Practice patent law in all its branches in the Patent Office, and in the Supreme and Circuit Courts of the United States. Pamphlet sent free on receipt of stamp for postage. 12-331f

J. H. MORRISON,
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,
BELLEFONTE, PA.

Representing a number of the Best and Safest companies. Fires Insured against Theft.

Office in the Conrad House with DAVID W. FORTNEY, Esq.

PAINTERS.
DOAK & LONBERGER.

Painters, Paper Hangers and Kalsomines will attend promptly to all orders in their line of business addressed to them at 12-331f

KANSAS LANDS AND WESTERN EMIGRATION. For terms, low rates of fare and tickets, apply to

W. M. SHORTLIFFE,
District Agent Kansas Division, Union Pacific Railway
Bellefonte, Pa.
12-49-ly

Railroads.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—
Time Table Nov. 8, 1880.

WESTWARD.	Exp. Mail
Leave Lock Haven.....	5 25 4 25
Flemington.....	5 29 4 30
Mill Hall.....	5 34 4 33
Beach Creek.....	5 50 4 45
Eagleville.....	5 55 4 50
Howard.....	6 09 5 01
Mount Eagle.....	6 18 5 10
Curtin.....	6 25 5 15
Milesburg.....	6 36 5 25
Bellefonte.....	6 46 5 35
Milesburg.....	6 56 5 45
Snow Shoe Int.....	7 09 5 48
Unionville.....	7 09 5 57
Julian.....	7 18 6 08
Martha.....	7 27 6 17
Port Matilda.....	7 55 6 25
Hannah.....	7 42 6 33
Fowler.....	7 48 6 35
Bald Eagle.....	7 55 6 47
Vail.....	7 59 6 51
Arrive at Tyrone.....	8 19 7 02

EASTWARD.	P.M. A.M.
Leave Tyrone.....	7 32 8 48
East Tyrone.....	7 39 8 55
Vail.....	7 42 9 02
Bald Eagle.....	7 47 9 02
Hannah.....	7 55 9 13
Port Matilda.....	8 09 9 19
Martha.....	8 15 9 25
Julian.....	8 15 9 32
Unionville.....	8 23 9 39
Snow Shoe Int.....	8 32 9 45
At Williamsport.....	8 34 9 48
Bellefonte.....	8 43 9 57
Milesburg.....	8 54 10 08
Curtin.....	9 06 10 19
Mount Eagle.....	9 12 10 25
Howard.....	9 20 10 37
Eagleville.....	9 38 10 49
Beach Creek.....	9 40 10 54
Mill Hall.....	9 54 11 16
Flemington.....	9 57 11 20
Arrive at Lock Haven.....	10 01 11 25

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—(Phila-
delphia and Erie Division.)—On and after
Nov. 7, 1880.

WESTWARD.	Time
ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia.....	11 55 p.m.
" " Harrisburg.....	4 25 a.m.
" " Williamsport.....	4 40 a.m.
" " Jersey Shore.....	9 09 a.m.
" " Lock Haven.....	9 40 a.m.
" " Renovo.....	11 05 a.m.
NIAGARA EXP. leaves Philadelphia.....	9 00 a.m.
" " Harrisburg.....	12 15 p.m.
" " Williamsport.....	12 35 p.m.
" " Lock Haven.....	3 15 p.m.
" " Renovo.....	5 40 p.m.

Passengers by this train arrive in
Bellefonte at..... 5 55 p.m.
FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia..... 12 20 p.m.

" " Harrisburg..... 12 05 p.m.
" " Williamsport..... 7 55 p.m.
" " Lock Haven..... 9 10 p.m.

EASTWARD.
PACIFIC EXP. leaves Lock Haven..... 7 05 a.m.

" " Jersey Shore..... 7 37 a.m.
" " Williamsport..... 8 20 a.m.

" " Harrisburg..... 12 05 p.m.
" " Philadelphia..... 3 45 p.m.

DAY EXP. leaves Renovo..... 10 05 a.m.

" " Lock Haven..... 11 25 a.m.
" " Williamsport..... 12 25 p.m.

" " Harrisburg..... 3 40 p.m.
" " Philadelphia..... 6 35 p.m.

ERIE MAIL leaves Renovo..... 9 00 p.m.

" " Lock Haven..... 10 10 p.m.
" " Williamsport..... 11 30 p.m.

" " Harrisburg..... 3 00 a.m.
" " Philadelphia..... 5 45 a.m.

FAST LINE leaves Williamsport..... 12 15 a.m.

" " Harrisburg..... 3 15 a.m.
" " Philadelphia..... 7 05 a.m.

Niagara Express West and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with E. & V. R.R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on E. & V. R.R. at Corry with O. & C. & V. R.R. at Emporium with N. Y. & P. R.R. and at Driftwood with A. V. R.R.

Erie Mail West and Day Express East make close connections at Northumberland with O. & C. & V. R.R. trains.

Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Exp. West, Day Express East. Sleeping cars on all night trains.

WM. A. BALDWIN, Gen'l Supt.

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R.R.—Time Table in effect on and after May 1, 1880.

Leaves Snow Shoe 7.10 a. m., arrives in Bellefonte 9.10 a. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 10.20 a. m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.57 a. m.

Leaves Snow Shoe 2.00 p. m., arrives in Bellefonte 4.15 p. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 5.00 p. m., arrives Snow Shoe 7.12 p. m.

DANIEL RHODES, General Supt.

Book Store.

THE MODEL BOOK STORE,

BELLEFONTE, PENNA.

JOHN C. MILLER & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Books,

Fancy Goods,

Photograph Albums,

Stationery

Pocketbooks,

Gold Pens,

Wall Paper,

Umbrellas,

Window Shades and Fixtures,

Toilet Sets

Fancy Chinaware

Japanese Goods,

Toys, Toys,

Cigars, Etc., Etc.

SCHOOL BOOKS FOR EVERY T WNSHIP

IN THE COUNTY,

DAILY PAPERS & PERIODICALS

11-6

FOR
FINE JOB
-PRINTING-
GO TO THE
REPUBLICAN

THE RATIONAL TREATMENT

Cures Catarrh, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Asthma and Consumption, as well as Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Kidney Disease, Womb Disease, Sexual Weakness and Nervous Exhaustion. No patent medicine scheme; but remedies prescribed to suit each case.

Address H. LANDIS, M. D., Reading, Pa. Write your full name, post office, state and county, in plain hand. 12-28-ly

ORGANS 30 to 1,000; 2 to 32 stops. Pianos \$15 to \$100. Organ \$15 to \$100. Address DANIEL T. BEATTY, Washington, N. J.

Insurance.

INSURANCE.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Properties, in Companies of undoubted strength and security, at standard rates.

INSURE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY

FIRE AND LIGHTNING.

99-ly.

GEORGE L. POTTER,

Furth's Building.) High street, Bellefonte

Watchmaker.

WATCHMAKER'S

REMOVAL

F. C. RICHARD

takes this opportunity to inform his friends that he has removed to the building opposite Bush's Arcade, next door to Deschner's gun store, on High street.

At his new store he has increased facilities for doing business, and guarantees entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. Clocks, watches and jewelry repaired in short notice.

H. C. WEAVER'S

Cuban Cigar Store.

(Under First National Bank.)

BELLEFONTE, PENNA.

Keeps constantly on hand a large stock of

Cigars of Every Quality

to suit the country trade, manufactured by him from selected stock. Also a large assortment of

SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCOES.

SNUFF AND PIPES.

In fact, every kind of Smokers' Articles.

Dealers will consult their interest by calling on him before purchasing elsewhere. He cannot be undersold, his motto being "Quick Sales and Small Profits."

H. C. WEAVER.

A GREAT CAUSE OF HUMAN MISERY IS THE LOSS OF

MANHOOD

A LECTURE ON THE NATURE, TREATMENT, and Radical Cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhea, induced by Self-Abuse, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally. Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits. Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of "Green Book," &c. This world renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

Send under seal in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps.

Address the Publishers,

THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.,

41 Ann St., New York; P. O. Box, 4586.

12-19-ly

HELP Yourself by making money when a golden chance is offered, thereby keeping poverty from your door.

Those who always take advantage of the good chances that are offered, generally become wealthy, while those who do not improve such chances remain in poverty. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. We furnish an expensive outfit and all you need, free. No one who engages falls to make money very rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address ST. JOSEPH & CO., Portland, Maine. oct5804a

AGENTS! AGENTS! AGENTS!

JOSIAH ALLEN'S WIFE

HAS "ROTE" A NEW BOOK, the best and funniest of all.

"My Wayward Pardner."

Or, the Account of Samantha's Trials and Sufferings with her husband Josiah, &c.

This will be the leading book of the season to sell. Agents wanted in every town. Don't miss it, but send for circulars at once and secure territory, to

F. C. BLISS & CO., Newark, N. J.

18-61

Everybody Make Money!

Watches, Novelty Jewelry, Oddities, Notions, &c.

Now is the time to push your business or start anew. Our goods are of the very latest styles, purchased mostly at Auction or private Bankrupt Sales, except those we manufacture, warranted as represented. Send for catalogue, prices named, and order your goods. New York Auction Co., 21 Park Row, New York. 12-5-80a

Mining Stock for Sale.

The Carbonate Gold and Silver Mining Company, of Leadville, Col., own valuable Gold and Silver Mines than any other Company in the State. The stock is ten dollars per share full paid up, and non-assessable. They now offer a limited number of shares for sale through the undersigned at \$2.00 per share. References and information cheerfully given. Direct all orders and communications to BOYD 144 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. P. O. Box 1061. 12-13-ly

Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

Local Department.

The Printers' Week of Rest.
In accordance with a long-established custom no paper will be issued next week, in order to give our employees (and ourselves too) an opportunity of celebrating the holidays with the rest of mankind.

A merry Christmas and Happy New Year to our subscribers, friends and enemies.

—For holiday goods, go to Lyons & Co.

—Fine assortment of men's slippers at Louis Doll's.

—A good suit at Lyon & Co. for \$5, \$6, \$7.50 and upward.

—Silk ties, lace ties, silk fischus, lace fischus, at Lyons & Co.

—Cigars—all varieties—the best in seven counties—at Harry Green's.

—Large line of ladies' calf shoes sold at reduced rates at Louis Doll's.

—The business of our book-sellers and stationers will be brisk from now until January.

—The Scranton military are practicing the fan drill. Captain Mullin, where are you?

—Fruits and confectionery for the holidays, in large quantities, pure and fresh, at Sechler's.

—Cigars and chewing tobaccos, in every style and variety, at Sechler & Co's. A bang-up article.

—The hotels are making preparations for entertaining the school teachers during Institute week.

—An enormous stock of pure family groceries at Sechler's. Don't fail to lay in a supply for the holidays.

—Fears are entertained that the scarlet fever may become epidemic. Every precaution should be taken.

—Rev. Crittendon left on Saturday for Lycoming county, where he will devote several days to Sunday school work.

—The old year is growing feeble and begins to totter; the youthful 1881 smiles and prances in the dim distance.

—Mr. Robert Kendall, one of Houserville's representative citizens, tarried with us a few moments on Saturday.

—Teachers in attendance at the county institute will find comfortable and home-like quarters at the Garman House.

—Mr. A. McCoy, of Potters' Mills, slaughtered a porker a few days since that tipped the beam at 557 pounds. Next!

—Guggenheimer has a large stock of jewelry and watches which he is closing out low. They will be sold; call and see them.

—Call and see Guggenheimer's large stock of goods before you spend all your Christmas money. He is selling off at cost.

—Most of the sidewalks about town are once more navigable, thanks to the sidewalk ordinance, warm weather and other natural causes.

—John Bartroff, the carriage maker, exhibits some very handsome sleighs at his establishment on Bishop street. Sleighs are in demand this season.

—Beware of the man who pretends to laugh when he alights on his back on an icy pavement. He is more or less of a hypocrite.

—The Greensburg Tribune and Herald is out in an entire new dress of type, and is now one of the neatest-looking weeklies on our exchange list.

—The tailors in town had some kind of a "celebration" on Saturday. We believe the Saturday before Christmas is observed by them as "Tailors' holiday."

—The sidewalk ordinance, if enforced, besides keeping sidewalks in good condition, will prevent the use of much emphatic language on the part of surprised pedestrians.

—Clothing, silk handkerchiefs, shawls, ladies' coats, furs and other things too numerous to mention selling at cost at Isaac Guggenheimer's, on High street.

—The warm, pleasant weather of Saturday seemed to have had a bad effect on a good many people in town. At least we noticed an unusually large number of "boozers" on the streets.

—The business streets in town were well filled up with teams from the country on Saturday, and the teams were pretty well filled up, too, with merchandise, when their owners started for home.

THE S. S. CONVENTION.

Full Report of the Proceedings with List of Delegates.

The Sabbath School Convention held in the Presbyterian Church of this place on Friday and Saturday of last week, was one of unusual interest. Delegates from different Sabbath schools throughout the county began to arrive on Friday morning and immediately after the opening services the following named delegates to the convention were laid upon the Secretary's desk:

James H. Potter, Daniel Kimport, Mrs. N. K. Dare, John Harshberger, Wm. Thompson, J. M. Blair, John Hamilton, Mrs. Kephart, Miss Lizzie Foster, David M. Whitney, Miss Edie Straub, Henry L. Barnhart, J. O. Meyer, John Rishel, Abram Luchenbaugh, M. L. Ault, Conrad Singer, David Rothrock, Henry Thiel, Frank Thompson, George W. Hoover, Rev. W. E. Fischer, George W. Ganoce, Miss Flora O. Seft, Henry Sowers, Henry Eckenroth, Jos. F. Hickman, C. Dale, Jr., J. W. Mattern, Mrs. Kate M. Dale, Miss Ella Sturgis, L. C. Bearick, B. O. Deininger, James Bouse, H. E. Duck, Rev. John Tomlinson, Rev. J. Zeigler, John H. Musser, Robert Gardner, Philip S. Dale, M. E. McWilliams, Mrs. John H. Musser, Miss Keziah Denning, Wm. T. Leathers, Miss Jennie Thompson, P. W. Barnhart, Miss Susan Holder, Mrs. A. J. St. Clair, Miss Annie Shannon, Wm. D. Smith.

Other delegates may have been present whose names were not reported to the secretary. Each subject as designated on the programme published and circulated among the schools, two or three weeks previous to the convention, was taken up and fully discussed. There seemed to be a disposition on the part of all present to hear Dr. J. H. Vincent, of Plainfield, N. J., whose presence among us was considered a rare treat. The Doctor was called upon to open most of the topics, which he did in a very instructive and entertaining manner, and to the great gratification of all present. On Friday afternoon a business session was held. The following committees were appointed:

On Nominations.—Rev. John Tomlinson, S. E. Furst and Messrs. Samuel Brugger, J. T. Lucas, Wm. Thompson, J. W. Mattern.

On place of next meeting.—Rev. J. F. De Long and Messrs. J. W. Gephart, John I. Thompson, Jr., Philip S. Dale, Roland C. Curtin.

On Resolutions.—Gen. James A. Beaver, Wm. Ishler, J. M. Blair, F. P. Green, H. L. Harvey, D. S. Keller and Rev. J. Zeigler.

On Friday evening Dr. Vincent lectured on the subject of "Modern Sunday School Ideas." The church was filled to its utmost and all listened with the closest attention to the lecture, which occupied one hour and a half in its delivery.

On Saturday morning the first fifteen minutes was occupied in listening to farewell words from Dr. Vincent and speeches from members of the convention. The rest of the session was spent mostly in attending to unfinished business. Rev. John Tomlinson as chairman of the committee on nominations, reported the following named officers to serve the ensuing year, viz: President, Austin Curtin; Secretary, Clement Dale; Treasurer, Alfred Nicholls.

Executive Committee.—Revs. R. Crittendon, John Hewitt, J. Zeigler, J. J. Lohr, Messrs. J. Wesley Gephart, D. S. Keller, F. P. Green and Jacob C. Walker.

Rev. J. F. De Long reported that the committee to select a place for next meeting, had selected Centre Hall.

The following resolutions were reported:

Resolved, That the thanks of the convention be tendered to the citizens of Bellefonte for their kind hospitality, to the officers of the Presbyterian congregation for the use of their church and the choir for their choice music.

Resolved, That the thanks of this convention be and hereby are tendered to the different newspapers who so generously contributed to the success of our convention by printing programmes, circulars and advertisements.

Resolved, That this convention is convinced of the great benefits to be derived from the formation of Normal classes among the teachers of our various Sunday schools and heartily recommends the organization of such a class in every school in the county, and where practicable a Union Normal class and that the secretary be requested to forward a copy of this resolution to the superintendents of the several schools.

CLEMENT DALE, Secretary.

—Messrs. Jacob Z. Long, of Marion township, John and Joseph Gardner and J. N. Hall, of Howard, J. H. Holt and Robert Haines, of Snow Shoe, as deer hunters, have made a record for the season that has just closed, that is hard to beat. The party was out two weeks, located at Camp Haines, east of Snow Shoe, and report fifteen deer captured. If any other hunting party in the county can give such a favorable account of their exploits this season we should be glad to hear from them.

—Conductor Ed. Nolan, like all the rest of us, is fond of renewing the sports of his boyhood days, when the opportunity presents. We made this discovery Thursday by seeing the jovial railroader glide through the coalyard from Halfmoon hill astride of a huge "docksie."

Death of Wm. H. H. Brainerd.

Mr. William H. H. Brainerd, at one time a resident of Bellefonte and editor of the *Republican*, died on Sunday last in Deadwood, Nebraska, after a brilliant career in the field of journalism.

Mr. Brainerd was born in Binghamton, N. Y., and was about forty years of age. Formerly he was a field correspondent of the *New York Herald*, and was for four years city editor of the Council Bluffs (Iowa) *Nonpareil*, also being chief of the fire department of that city. Later in life he was connected with the *Sidney (Nebraska) Telegraph* editorially, and was also editor of the *Custer City Chronicle*. He was at one time a postmaster, was a Freemason, and after serving four years in the army during the war was mustered out of service wearing the insignia of Lieutenant-Colonel of the 137th New York volunteers. At the time of his death he was engaged as editor of the *Deadwood Daily Pioneer*.

The *Altoona Sun* pays the following tribute to the departed journalist: "Alas, poor 'Ganderlegs'—that was the odd title given him by his most intimate friend and confidante in Bellefonte, Joseph Williams Furey, who was then and is at the present time associate editor of the *Bellefonte Watchman*. Mr. Brainerd lived in Bellefonte for quite a while previous to his going west, where his eminent talents and superior intellectuality won for him the love, respect and esteem of all those whose friendship was worth the having. With a heart full of affection for men who bore with his few little foibles, he exhibited those qualities which gave indication of great things had he been entirely able to direct them in the channels dictated by his own heart. He was a little erratic, but his heart throbs were in full sympathy with the sufferings of his fellow-men, for he himself had experienced the pangs caused by the turmoil of the world and the discouraging, frequently unrewarded toil necessary to obtain a livelihood. Upon Bellefonte particularly will the news of his decease fall with crushing solemnity. It was owing to the efforts of Mr. Brainerd and his friend Mr. Furey that the people of Bellefonte were permitted to listen to addresses by two of the then most prominent persons in the country—Horace Greeley and Anna Dickinson. Of course they lost money—but what did these in one sense of the word genial Bohemians care for that, for it was but a repetition of experience had before. 'Farewell, Brainerd! And may the omnipotent Controller of destinies cause sweet flowers to bloom in rarest profusion over the lonely far-western mound which conceals one of the truest hearts that ever throbbed in human breast!'"

—William Brosius, who "disappeared" so mysteriously several weeks ago from his home in Lawrence township, Clearfield county, an account of which was printed in the papers of this vicinity, turned up last week near Morrisdale mines, in that county, where he had been employed for some time working on a railroad. Possibly he was induced to hide himself for the purpose of obtaining a little gratuitous advertising.

—A six-mule ore team belonging to Valentines & Co. met with an accident in coming down the hill on Bishop street the other morning. The roadbed was smooth and slippery, and when opposite the residence of the late Joseph Schnell, the wagon slipped into the gutter and upset turning a complete somersault. The ore was distributed over the street, and parts of the wagon slightly broken. No one was injured.

—An exchange recommends the treatment of inflamed wounds by smoking them with burning wool or woolen cloth. Twenty minutes in the smoke of wool, it is said, will take the pain out of the worst wound and if repeated once or twice will allay the worst case of inflammation arising from a wound. This remedy is certainly very simple, and within the reach of every one.

—We are informed that a slight fire occurred in the Conrad House on Tuesday morning of last week, in the rooms occupied by Mrs. Martin Dolan, which, but for the timely discovery, might have developed into a conflagration of large proportions. The fire caught in a clothes basket from a spark which is supposed to have dropped into it from the stove grate.

—Isaac Guggenheimer's High St. store is now offering the greatest bargains ever offered to the people of this county. They have an immense stock of dry goods, shawls, ladies' coats, furs, which they are selling off at cost. Now is the time to save money, and Guggenheimer's is the place to go. See their advertisement in another column.

"That Boy."

Those of our citizens, and, unfortunately, for them, they were many, who absented themselves from the Court House Thursday night, thereby failing to hear the antecedents and growth into manhood of "That Boy" discussed by the eminent lecturer and Sunday-school worker, Rev. Dr. Vincent, missed a rare treat—a literary feast which Bellefonte seldom has the opportunity of partaking of.

The audience was not large, but was composed of the very best element of the community, whose intellectual and scholarly attainments enabled them to thoroughly appreciate the masterly arguments advanced by the lecturer in behalf of proper home training for boys in early life.

We will not attempt to give a descriptive account of the lecture. It was entertaining, instructive and pleasing. The delivery occupied about one hour and a half, and from beginning to end the speaker was listened to with the strictest attention, and greeted with continual rounds of applause. No one, especially heads of families, can listen to Dr. Vincent's appeal for fairness, kindness and justice to "That Boy" and not profit by it.

—Gus Schnell, of Wilson & McFarlane's hardware store, says he'll show the public, in a day or two, a new style "creeper" which will "knock the spots off of anything heretofore exhibited in this place." From the number of tumble-downs on our streets every day it would seem that such an article is badly needed.

—For violating the nuisance ordinance an up-town clerk was taken before the Burgess and fined \$2 Friday. The authorities seem to mean business this time, and unless our citizens are desirous of replenishing the borough coffers they had better locate their ash heaps in the back yard instead of the street.

—There will be trouble about the weather soon. A Southern gentleman comes out as a weather prophet and contradicts everything old man Vennor asserts. Suppose that Vennor and the Southerner should let the weather alone for a week and fight a duel. What should we do for weather in the meantime.

—John Sourbeck has enough confectionery on hand to sweeten the whole of Centre county and a part of Roopsburg. He received another cargo, Saturday, some of it in the form of huge sticks, large enough to knock a man down with. John thinks they made a mistake and sent him the factory.

—Some one, probably an old acquaintance, who is fond of a joke, sent John Klinger, an employee about the Snow Shoe railroad office, a fine, plump "pheasant" the other day in a box, which tickled him amazingly—until he made the discovery that his pheasant was an owl.

—The kind of weather we have been having during the past week is enough to give a person the ague, croup and diphtheria all in one day. Mild damp weather in the morning, and cold enough to freeze your hair off two hours afterwards, is decidedly unhealthy weather in our estimation.

—Two boys are reported to have been severely injured on Thursday night while coasting on Howard street by colliding with another sled. One was considerably cut about the face, and the other had a leg sprained or broken—some say the latter. We were unable to learn their names.

—The eclipse of the sun on the 31st of this month can be watched by any one commanding a view of that part of the horizon where the sun rises. A piece of smoked glass is all that is required to observe the grand phenomena—the passage of the moon across the face of the king of day.

—Elaborate arrangements are being made for the grand masquerade ball on New Year's eve. The proceeds are for the benefit of the Logan Hose company, and every citizen should aid in making the affair a success by purchasing a ticket even if they do not care to attend.

—Coasting accidents are becoming numerous in our midst. On Tuesday evening a boy named Hoover had a limb severely injured while sliding on Cemetery hill, and one or two similar accidents are reported to have occurred on Spring street the same night.

—The Methodist congregation of this place are making an effort to pay off their church indebtedness before the first of January next. The debt amounts to about \$2,000. We hope they will succeed in wiping it out clean.

—A very fine line of ladies' slippers at Louis Doll's.

The Car Works.

Once more we have the assurance that the arrangements in regard to resuming operations at the car works have been perfected, and in the near future we may expect to see signs of business activity in that quarter. We are reliably informed that a one-half interest in the works was sold on Friday last to Mr. Michael Schall, of the Empire car works, of York, Pa., a gentleman of large experience in car building, and with a practical knowledge of the business. He proposes fitting up the works immediately and running them to their full capacity. Now that there is a fair prospect of the works starting we hope our citizens will take hold and do everything within their power to encourage the new management. In this connection we would suggest to property holders, particularly to those having houses to rent, that they wait a few weeks before raising rents. A display of common sense, on their part, and not greediness, is what we want now.

—The most faithful lover in New England was buried in Hartford a few days ago. A severe sickness left the lady to whom he was engaged an invalid for life. He declined her offer to release him from the engagement, and married her while she was in bed, and during their more than twenty years of married life she was unable to assist herself, even to the raising of her hand to her head.

There's fidelity for you, the kind we like to read about. But there is another kind we wish to speak of, too. There are people in Centre county who have been faithful patrons of Sechler's famous grocery for 10, these many years, and will continue to buy their groceries there as long as it exists. Pure goods, fresh and clean, and reasonable prices, are what attracts the thousands to this establishment.

—The newest publication in music is the "First Regiment Armory March" just issued by Lee & Walker, Philadelphia. Music by the celebrated composer, Henri Faust. This is a very beautiful piece of music, in fact the best march we have heard for a long time. It is of a peculiar, fascinating and delightful style, which will make it immensely popular. Send for "Musical Bulletin," containing list of all the latest and best publications in music, to Lee & Walker, 1113 Chestnut street, Phila.

—Every day, Frank Blair, the jeweler, opens something new. The latest arrivals are elegant articles in solid brass, which have just arrived. The prettiest ink stands ever exhibited are now on his counters. Umbrella stands, in bronze, something new. A pedometer makes a very acceptable and novel present for a gentleman. Glance at his street case and see those \$1.25 clocks and \$3 watches, reliable and remarkably cheap.

—Mr. Robert Duncan, of Spring Mills, has moved into his new store, built the past season, and is ready for business on a big scale. George A. Rounk, of the same place, is making some extensive improvements in his grist mill—remodeling the inside and putting in new machinery.

—Lotta is reported to be the wealthiest American actress. Mary Anderson, with several "bar's," comes next. And they are both single! Great Scott, boys! What are you thinking about?

—Don't fail to stop in Wilson's, Brockerhoff House block. He has got just what you want—a fancy lot of candy or a beautiful box of fruit. Either would make an excellent Christmas present.

—Mr. Jno. Wolf, of Potters' Mills, is said to be the owner of the finest short-horn bull in the valley. The animal is but four years old and will dress, it is claimed, 1,000 pounds.

—Ladies who have not the "capes with" to purchase big fur capes console themselves by remarking how horrid ugly they make the finest figure look.

—Don't buy adulterated candy when you can get it purer and better for less money at Wilson's, Brockerhoff House block.

—Spring woollens now ready. Early orders solicited. Money saved. 12-50c MOSTGOMERY & CO., Tailors.

—Splendid mixture, 25 cents per pound, formerly sold for 40 cents, at Wilson's, Brockerhoff House block.

—Smokers, if you wish to enjoy yourself during the holidays, buy your cigars of Harry Green.

—Overcoats reduced 20 percent from former prices. The finest stock in the county at Lyon & Co.

—Silk handkerchiefs for the holidays, in endless variety, at Lyons & Co.

Death of an Aged Citizen.

Mr. Jacob Gill, the oldest resident of Pleasant Gap, died on Monday of this week at the ripe age of 88 years and 3 days. He was a pensioner of the war of 1812, the last one in that community; had twelve children and a great number of descendants. He was a member of the Evangelical church and a consistent Christian for many years. His remains were interred in the family burying ground at Zion.

—Some time during Sunday night a thief, or thieves, broke through the glass show window of S. A. Brew & Son's grocery store, Humes' block, and extracted therefrom several pounds of confectionery. Two or three boys who were seen examining the window Sunday afternoon are suspected of having committed the theft.

—When you make a Christmas present give something of value. Isaac Guggenheimer, on High St., has a large stock of fine goods which he is selling at surprisingly low prices. If you want a bargain call at his store and examine his stock, the largest and best selected ever brought to this town.

—A man in Arizona walks fifteen miles to get his mail. He is a good walker, and if he lived in this county would walk double that distance for the sake of procuring some of those celebrated groceries at Sechler & Co's.

—Sunday schools and festivals will save money by buying their candy and confectionery at Wilson's, Brockerhoff House block.

HAVE YOU SEEN HER?

We mean that fair young miss, beautifully and tastefully attired, who is at present filling an engagement at Bunnell & Akins' music store. She's a "daisy" in every sense of the word, and just too cute for anything. She will remain some time, and no lady or gentleman should neglect to call and make her acquaintance. And while you are there don't fail to examine the immense stock of holiday goods displayed on the shelves and counters. You will find there beautiful Christmas and New Year's gifts, for young and old, gentlemen and ladies. Call early and take your choice.

GREAT EXCITEMENT

At Sands' Bakery over the arrival of a trio of imported "young ladies," gorgeously attired and very fascinating in appearance. Mr. Sands extends an invitation to all to call and see them, and also to examine his large and varied stock of holiday goods just received from New York city.

In the bakery department will be found candy toys and confectionery of every conceivable description, and in the large room at the rear is displayed such a collection of holiday goods as is seldom seen in Bellefonte. Beautiful presents for old and young, married and single, and all new and fresh—nothing shoddy or old-fashioned about them. Parents in search of Christmas and New Year's gifts for their little folks will do well to call at "Sands' Toy Bazaar" before looking elsewhere. Call early.

A RARE CHANCE.

The beautiful little miss standing in the window of Bunnell & Akins' music store is to be chanced off at 25 cents a chance. Now is the time to select a number. Some one will be lucky. Don't wait long as only a certain number will be sold. This is a splendid opportunity for some one to secure the handsomest little lady in seven counties. Messrs. B. and A. assure that the manner of disposing of her will be conducted squarely and every one who holds a ticket will have an equal chance of securing the prize.

Wanted

5000 Turkeys for Christmas. 12-48 St. A. J. & S. E. GRIST.

MARRIED.

SHAFFER-BECK—December 14, 1880, at the residence of Benjamin Beck, Jacksonville, by Rev. Geo. P. Hartzell, Mr. Newton C. Shaffer of Walker township, and Miss Catherine E. Beck, of Harris township.

BECK-BECK—December 14, 1880, at the residence of Benjamin Beck, Jacksonville, by Rev. Geo. P. Hartzell, Mr. M. L. Beck, of Walker township, Centre county, Pa., and Miss Agnes A. F. Beck, of Prairie Home, Shelby Co., Ills.

The Markets.

BELLEFONTE, Dec. 21, 1880.
Wheat, old, per bushel.....\$1.05
" new, No. 1.....1.03
" " "......95
Rye, per bushel......60
Corn, cob, new......40
Corn, shelled, old......30
Oats new......25
Cloverseed.....\$ 50/24 23
Flour, retail, per barrel.....5.00
Flour, wholesale.....5.25

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton.....\$12.00
Hay, mixed, per ton.....14.00
Long eye straw, bundled, per ton.....10.00
Short straw per ton.....6.00/24 23

PLASTER.

Cargus, ground, per ton.....\$ 7.50
Nova Scotia ground, per ton.....10.00

Provision Market.

Corrected daily by Valentines & Co.
Apples, dried, per pound.....4
Cherries, dried, per pound, loaded.....10
Beans per quart......8
Fresh butter per pound.....25
Chickens per pound......5
Cheese per pound......20
Country hams per pound......16
Hams, sugar cured......16
Lard per pound......8
Eggs per doz......20
Potatoes per bushel......30
Dried beef......9
Wilson's pressed beef per pound.....4
Canned tomatoes per can.....14
Lemons per doz......5
Small Onions per bushel......5